

**GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES  
OF GREENE COUNTY, ALABAMA**

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*GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF ALABAMA*

*BULLETIN 86*

*Prepared in cooperation with  
United States Geological Survey*

# **GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF ALABAMA**

**Philip E. LaMoreaux  
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## **DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES**

**Doyle B. Knowles  
Chief Hydraulic Engineer**

### **BULLETIN 86**

## **GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF GREENE COUNTY, ALABAMA**

**By Kenneth D. Wahl  
Water Resources Division  
U.S. Geological Survey**

**UNIVERSITY, ALABAMA  
1966**

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University, Alabama  
August 24, 1966

Honorable George C. Wallace  
Governor of Alabama  
Montgomery, Alabama

Dear Governor Wallace:

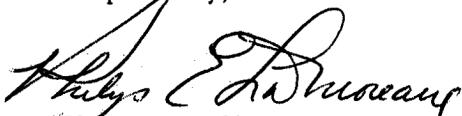
I have the honor to transmit the report, "Geology and Ground-Water Resources of Greene County, Alabama," by Kenneth D. Wahl, which has been published as Bulletin 86 of the Geological Survey of Alabama.

Abundant quantities of ground water are available for development in Greene County. Wells that will produce 1,000 gallons per minute or more can be developed in the Coker, Gordo, and McShan Formations. Small to moderate quantities of water are available from the Eutaw Formation and alluvial deposits.

Ground water in the northern part of Greene County generally is of good chemical quality except locally where it contains excessive amounts of iron. In the southern part of the county, there is a large area where wells produce water high in chloride and iron content and in hardness.

The most favorable areas in the county for development of large quantities of good quality water for industrial and municipal use are the extreme southeast corner and that part of the county lying north of the town of Eutaw.

Respectfully,



Philip E. LaMoreaux  
State Geologist

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# **GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF GREENE COUNTY, ALABAMA**

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**By Kenneth D. Wahl**

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## **ABSTRACT**

Development of ground-water resources is related to the economic growth of Greene County, and wells that will produce 1,000 gpm (gallons per minute) or more can be developed in the Coker, Gordo, and McShan Formations at depths ranging from 100 to 1,600 feet below the land surface. Wells tapping the alluvial deposits and Eutaw Formation generally produce adequate water for domestic and stock use. The probability of developing large industrial supplies from alluvial deposits where they are hydraulically connected with nearby streams has not been investigated.

Ground-water use in Greene County in 1965 is estimated to be 1,150,000 gpd (gallons per day). Aquifers in the McShan Formation supply about 840,000 gpd. A determination of the ultimate amount of ground water available for utilization in Greene County is beyond the scope of this investigation; however, data indicate that only a small part of the available ground water was being utilized in 1965.

Flowing wells inventoried in 1964-65 had a total calculated flow of 2,740,000 gpd, more than double the estimated ground-water use in the county. It is estimated that the flow from these wells represents about 75 percent of the total discharge from flowing wells in the county.

In the northern part of Greene County the ground water is of satisfactory chemical quality for municipal, industrial, domestic, and stock use, except locally where it is high in iron content. In the southern part of the county there is a large area where wells tapping the Gordo, McShan, and Eutaw Formations produce water high in chloride, iron, and hardness. Partial chemical analyses of water from wells in the county indicate the following ranges of chemical constituents, hardness, and pH: iron, 0 to 24 ppm (parts per million); bicarbonate, 8 to 656 ppm; carbonate, 0 to 100 ppm; chloride, 0 to 3,700 ppm; hardness, 8 to 568 ppm; and pH, 6.0 to 9.6.

**THIS REPORT—WHY IT WAS PREPARED  
ITS PURPOSE, AND SETTING**

Ground water is a natural resource that is vital to the economic development of many areas and is often taken for granted. The increasing demand for water for domestic, municipal, and industrial use has emphasized the need for water facts to keep abreast of the demand. This report is not intended to answer all water problems of the area; it is to provide water facts and evaluations that will serve as guides for water-resources planning and development.

The purpose of this report is to provide ground-water information in Greene County for the use of water managers and water users in answering the following questions: (1) Where is water available and how much do individual wells produce? (2) What is the chemical quality of the water? (3) How much water is utilized? (4) What problems are present or anticipated, and what steps are necessary to solve the problems?

Greene County, in west-central Alabama, is bounded by Pickens and Tuscaloosa Counties on the north, Hale County on the east, Marengo County on the south, and Sumter County on the west (fig. 1).

Greene County has an area of 637 square miles and in 1960 a population of 13,600. The economy of the county is based primarily on agriculture, timbering, and associated industries. Future development may be intensified and diversified because of the construction of a large steam-electric generating plant in the southern part of the county, an interstate highway being constructed across the county, and the possible construction of the Tennessee-Tombigbee waterway along the western boundary of the county.

**COOPERATION AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Ground-water studies in Alabama are being made by the U.S. Geological Survey in cooperation with the Geological Survey of Alabama. The work in Greene County was done under the direct supervision of W. L. Broadhurst, district chief of the U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, in charge of water-resources investigations in Alabama.

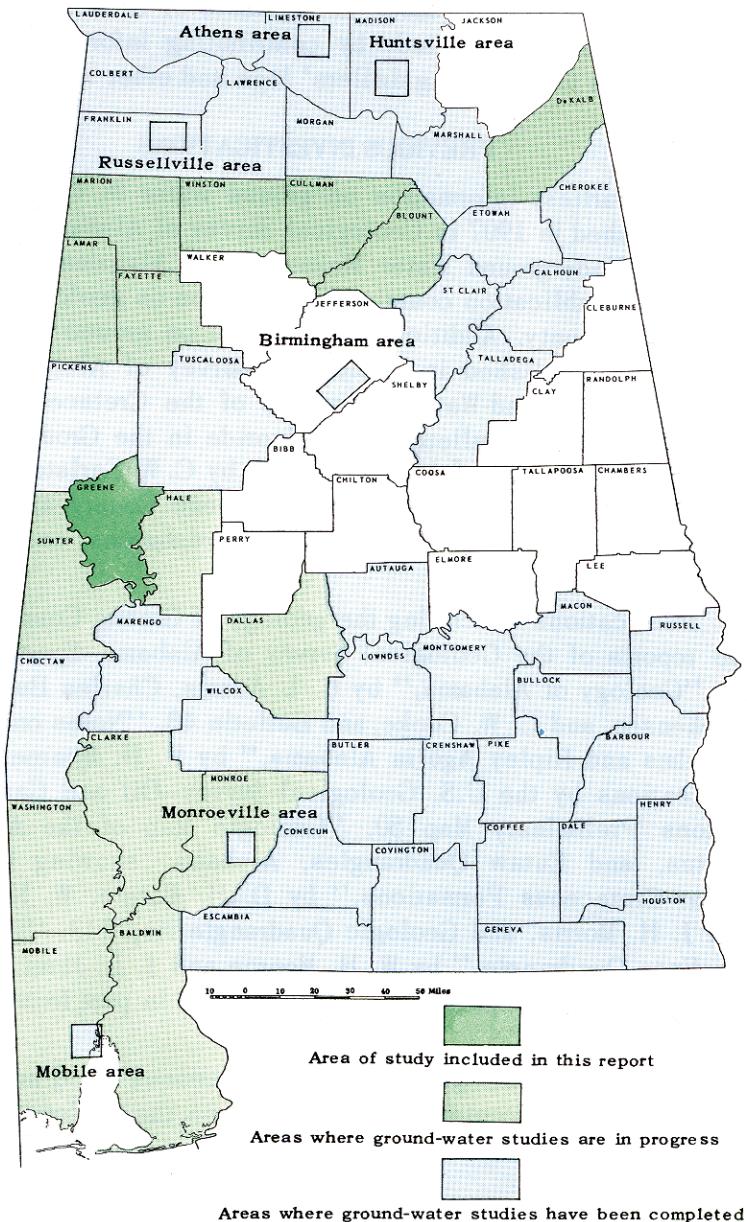


Figure 1.—Map of Alabama showing area studied and areas of other ground-water studies.

Acknowledgment is made to residents of Greene County who cooperated during the study by contributing information, and to drilling firms for providing drillers' logs and other well data.

### PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

The earliest information on ground water in Greene County was published in 1907 in Geological Survey of Alabama Monograph 6, "The Underground Water Resources of Alabama," by E. A. Smith. The publication contained information on geology and wells in Greene County. Additional information on ground water in the county was published in Geological Survey of Alabama Special Report 18, "Ground-Water Resources of the Cretaceous Area of Alabama," and in Bulletin 52, "Fluoride in the Ground Water of the Cretaceous Area of Alabama," both by C. W. Carlston. Carlston recorded information on 40 wells in Greene County and included information on the geology, ground-water resources, and quality of ground water.

Publications describing the geology of Greene County include two reports of the Geological Survey of Alabama—Special Report 14, "Geology of Alabama," by G. I. Adams, Charles Butts, L. W. Stephenson, and C. W. Cooke, and Bulletin 48, "Notes on Deposits of Selma and Ripley Age in Alabama," by W. H. Monroe; and two publications by the U.S. Geological Survey—Oil and Gas Investigations Preliminary Map 50, "Geologic Map of the Aliceville, Mantua, and Eutaw Quadrangles, Alabama, showing Pre-Selma Upper Cretaceous Formations," by D. H. Eargle, W. H. Monroe, and J. H. Morris, and Geologic Quadrangle Map 113, "Geology of the Epes Quadrangle," by W. H. Monroe and J. L. Hunt. The geologic map in this report (pl. 1) was modified in part from the latter two maps.

A selected bibliography, listing references cited and reports, maps, and charts containing information on the geology and water resources of the general area, is appended to this report.

### GEOLOGY AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO GROUND WATER

The distribution, the direction and rate of movement, and the chemical quality of ground water are so greatly affected by the physical structure, lithology, and arrangement of the materials

through which the water circulates that a consideration of the geology is necessary.

The geologic units that yield water to wells or otherwise influence ground water in Greene County are of sedimentary origin and consist of sand, gravel, chalk, and clay. These deposits range in age from Cretaceous to Recent. The Cretaceous deposits consist of the following geologic units, in ascending stratigraphic order: Coker Formation, Gordo Formation, McShan Formation, Eutaw Formation, Mooreville Chalk, and Demopolis Chalk. The upper part of the Eutaw Formation consists of the Tombigbee Sand Member, and the upper part of the Mooreville Chalk consists of the Arcola Limestone Member.

The Cretaceous units are overlain in places by sediments of Pleistocene and Recent age, which on the geologic map are subdivided into terrace deposits and alluvium. The terrace deposits underlie benchlike surfaces that occur above the present flood plain and are remnants of older flood plains. The terrace deposits were mapped as a unit but represent several terraces at different elevations above the flood plain. The uppermost terrace is the oldest and the lower terraces are younger. In many places the lower terrace and flood plain merge, and the contact between them is often difficult to distinguish. For convenience, some low terrace deposits are mapped with the alluvium.

Alluvium underlies the present flood plains and streambeds, and generally is confined to the part of the stream valley that was built of sediments during the present regimen of the streams. The alluvium is covered with water when streams overflow their banks at flood stage.

The distribution of outcropping geologic units is shown on plate 1; and the thickness, stratigraphy, lithology, and water availability are shown on plate 2, figures 2, 4, 5, 8, and tables 1, 4, and 5.

The Coker, Gordo, McShan, and Eutaw Formations and the terrace deposits and alluvium contain aquifers that yield water to wells. The Mooreville and Demopolis Chalks consist of relatively impermeable chalk and clay and generally do not yield water to wells; however, they have a significant influence on ground-water

conditions because they confine water in underlying aquifers and retard downward percolation of water from overlying aquifers.

## GROUND-WATER SOURCES

### COKER FORMATION

The Coker Formation as defined by Drennen (1953, p. 528) is the lower part of the Tuscaloosa Group and the base of Upper Cretaceous units in Alabama. The Coker is underlain by Lower Cretaceous deposits and is overlain by the Gordo Formation. The thickness of the Coker ranges from about 550 feet in the northeastern part of Greene County to about 850 feet in the western and southern parts of the county. The top of the Coker dips toward the southwest at an average rate of about 35 feet per mile. In general, the configuration of the top of the Coker is similar to that of the Gordo Formation shown on figure 4.

The Coker Formation crops out northeast of Greene County in Tuscaloosa and Hale Counties and is present in the subsurface in Greene County. The top of the Coker is about 150 feet below the land surface in northeastern Greene County and, because the dip of the beds is greater than the slope of the land surface, lies at progressively greater depths below the land surface toward the southwest.

The lower part of the Coker Formation consists of sand and gravel and irregular beds of dark-gray and purple carbonaceous clay. The middle part consists of thin beds of laminated clay and thin to massive beds of fine-grained glauconitic sand. The upper part consists of purple and gray carbonaceous clay and crossbedded white to pink fine- to coarse-grained micaceous sand, locally containing some chert gravel.

### WATER AVAILABILITY

Sand and gravel beds in the Coker Formation are aquifers throughout Greene County. The depths to the base of the major aquifer in the Coker are shown on figure 2. The base of the major aquifer is about 500 feet below the top of the Coker, and the aquifer is about 200 feet thick. Other sand beds occur above and below the major aquifer. Sand beds above the major aquifer are of local

## GROUND-WATER SOURCES

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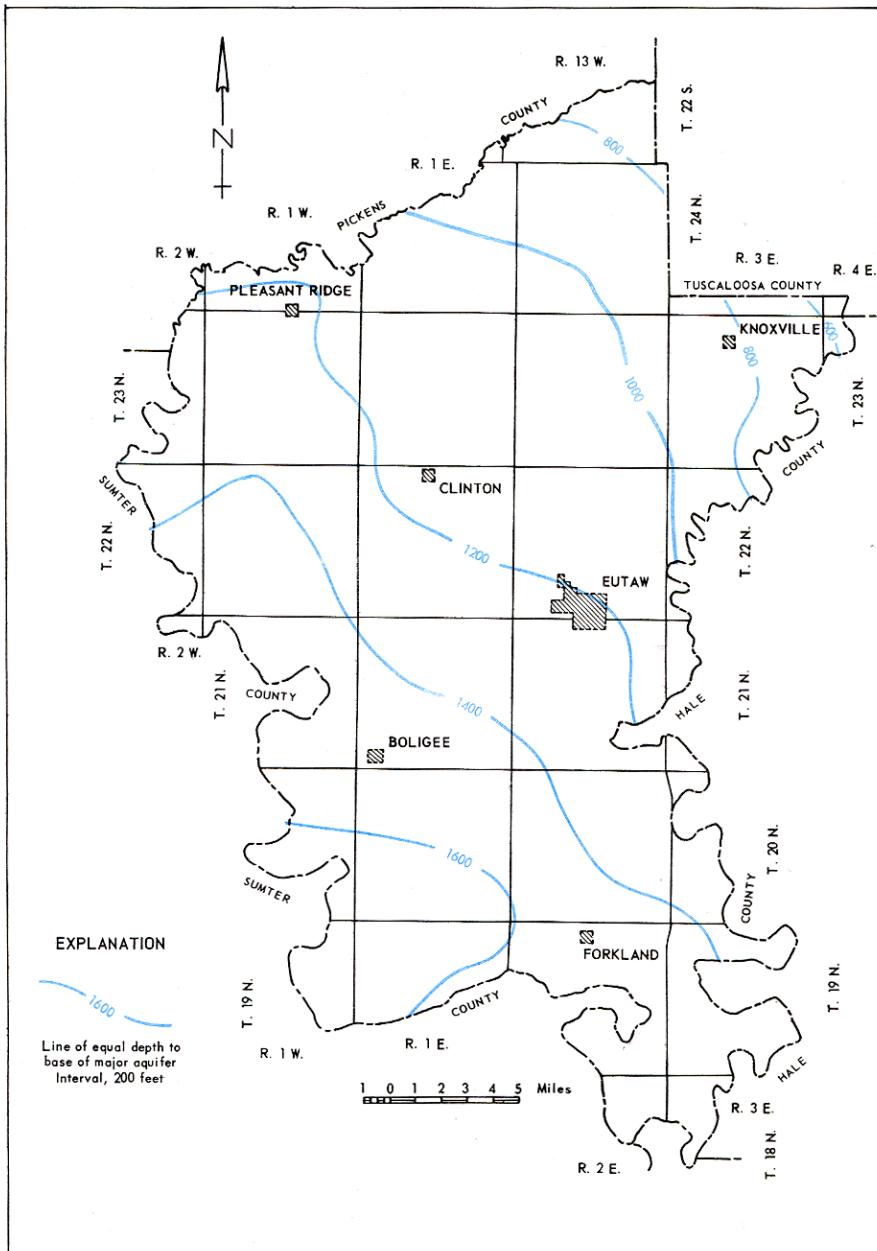


Figure 2.—Generalized depth to base of major aquifer, Coker Formation.

extent and relatively thin. Sand beds occurring below the major aquifer are not tapped by water wells in Greene County; however, electric-log data from oil test wells indicate that they are relatively thick and probably contain potable water. These sands are potential sources of large amounts of ground water.

The Coker Formation is not tapped extensively by wells in Greene County because of its excessive depth and the availability of water from shallower aquifers. Seventeen wells tapping the Coker were inventoried during this study (table 1). These wells ranged from 300 to 1,300 feet in depth. Thirteen of these wells flowed an average of about 18 gpm (gallons per minute) per well. Well J-3, which is 570 feet deep, flows at 50 gpm. Wells V-7 and V-8 are 1,260 feet deep and flow at 30 and 20 gpm respectively.

Data necessary to determine the specific capacity are not available for wells tapping the Coker Formation; however, the specific capacity is estimated to range from about 3 to about 20 gpm per foot of drawdown. (See Paulson and others, 1962, table 2, p. 26.) On the basis of these estimates, wells with capacities of 1,000 gpm or more could be constructed in the Coker Formation.

#### CHEMICAL QUALITY

Partial chemical analyses of water from 14 wells tapping the Coker Formation are given in table 2 and summarized below.

	In parts per million					Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	
	Iron	Bicarbonate	Carbonate	Chloride	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH
					Calcium,	Noncar-	
High	24	144	6	165	175	83	8.2
Median	.22	102	0	18	68	0	7.4
Low	.03	40	0	4	12	0	6.5

Locally, in the northeastern part of Greene County, the iron content of water from wells tapping the Coker Formation is more than 0.3 ppm (part per million). In the central part of the county the iron content of wells tapping the Coker is less than 0.3 ppm (fig. 3).

## GROUND-WATER SOURCES

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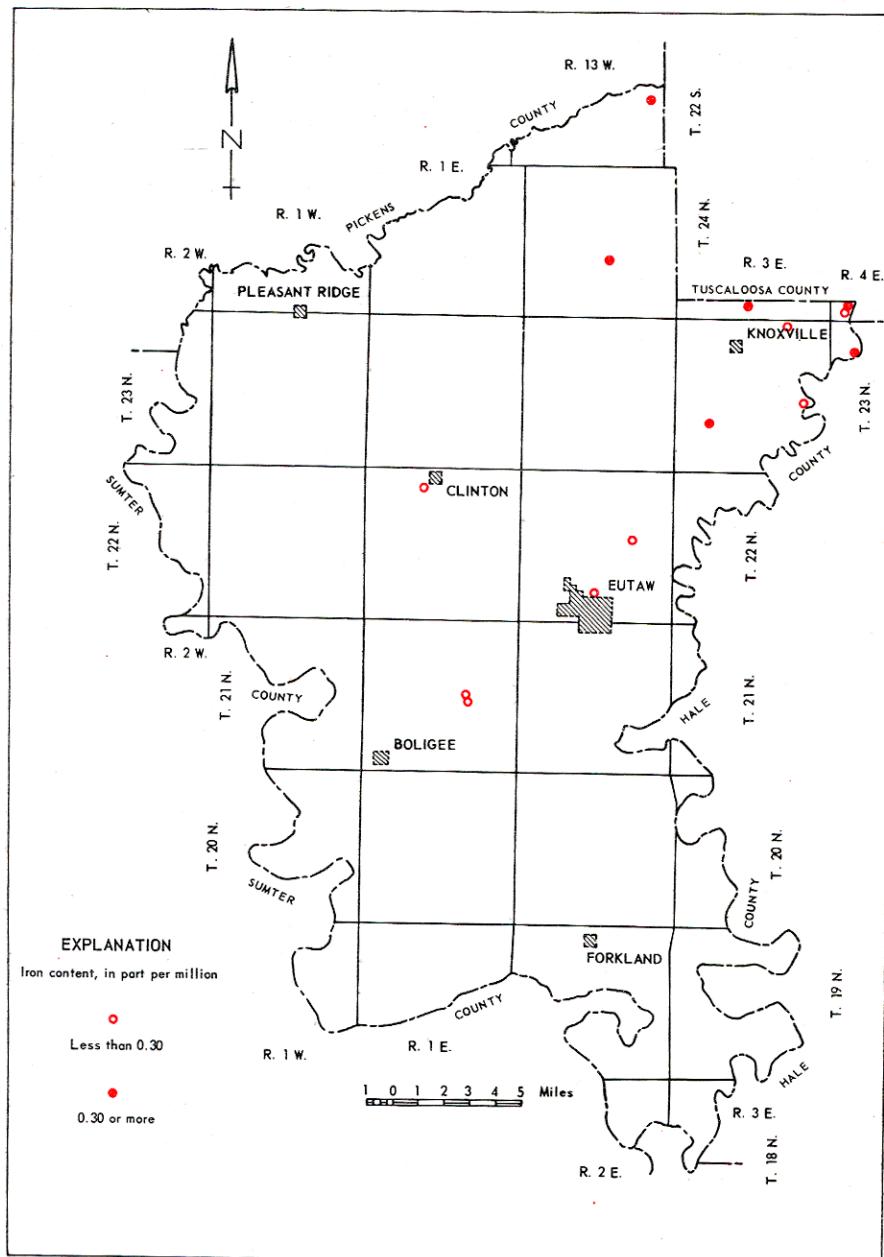


Figure 3.—Distribution of iron in water from the Coker Formation.

The bicarbonate, carbonate, and chloride contents of water from wells tapping the Coker Formation are relatively low and the water is satisfactory for domestic and municipal use. A gradual increase in chloride content toward the southeast indicates the possibility of water high in chloride similar to that in the Gordo and McShan Formations in the eastern part of the county (figs. 7 and 10). However, an electric log from well Z-4, and chemical analyses determined for water samples collected from wells U-11 and V-8, indicate that water in the Coker is less mineralized than water in the McShan and Gordo in the central part of the county (pls. 1 and 2).

The hardness of water from wells tapping the Coker Formation ranges from soft (0-60 ppm) to hard (121-180 ppm). In general, the hardness increases toward the southeast.

Water from two wells tapping the Coker Formation was slightly acidic (pH below 7.0) and water from the other 12 wells was alkaline (pH above 7.0).

Comprehensive chemical analyses of water from two wells tapping the Coker Formation are included in table 3. These analyses include values for chemical constituents and characteristics not included in table 2.

In general, water from the Coker Formation is of good chemical quality, but locally it contains objectionable quantities of iron.

#### **GORDO FORMATION**

The Gordo Formation is the upper part of the Tuscaloosa Group in Alabama and is underlain by the Coker Formation and overlain by the McShan Formation. The Gordo crops out in areas of low elevation in the northeastern part of Greene County and is present in the subsurface throughout the county. The thickness of the Gordo ranges from 270 to 290 feet in Greene County. The top of the Gordo dips toward the southwest at an average rate of 35 feet per mile (fig. 4).

The lower part of the Gordo Formation consists of gravelly, poorly sorted sand containing thin lenses of carbonaceous clayey sand and some purple-mottled light-gray clay. The upper part consists of lenticular mottled clay and some beds of strongly cross-bedded fine- to coarse-grained sand.

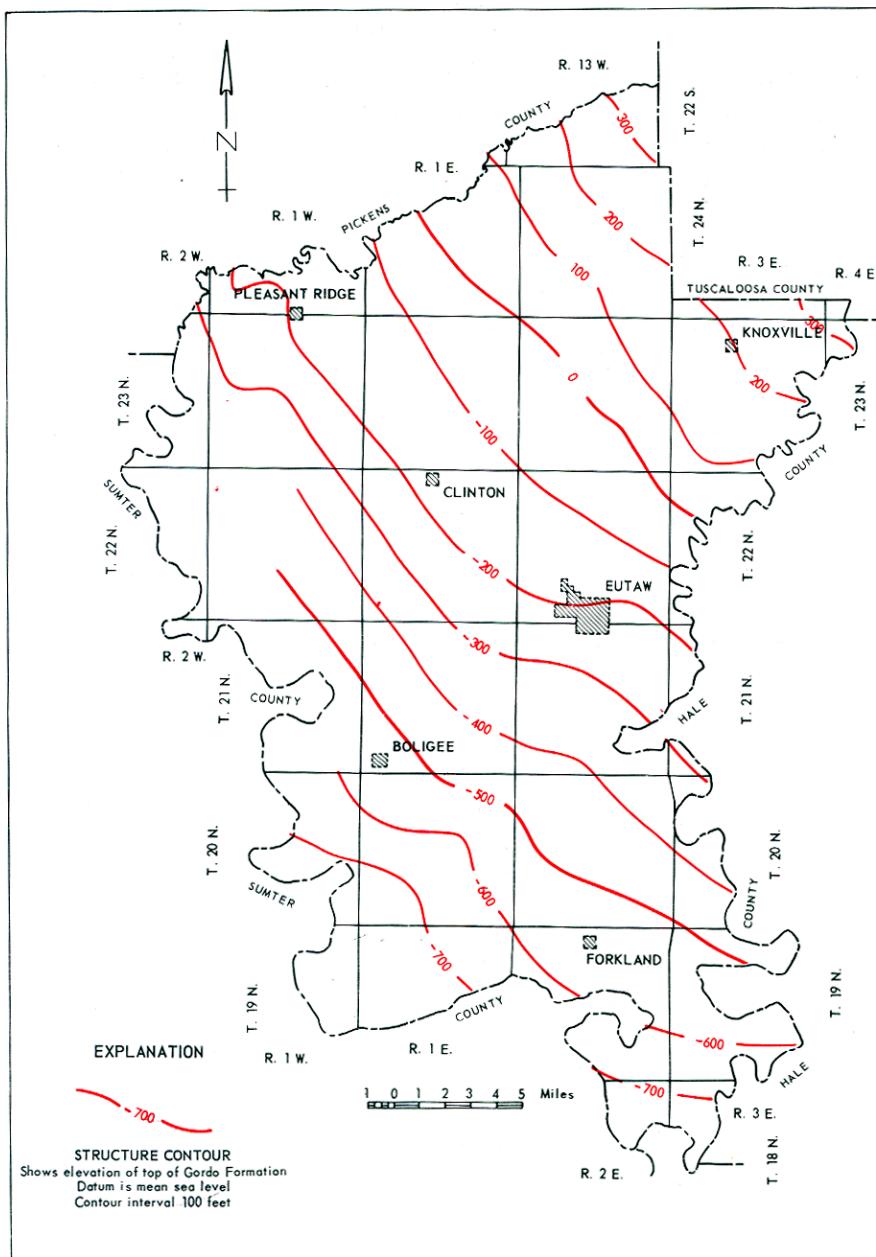


Figure 4.—Generalized structure-contour map of top of the Gordo Formation.

### WATER AVAILABILITY

Sand and gravel beds in the Gordo Formation generally are good aquifers in Greene County, except locally where they are poorly sorted and contain a large percentage of silt-size material. The lower part of the formation consists primarily of sand and gravel and is the major aquifer in the Gordo.

The depths below the land surface to the base of the major aquifer in the Gordo Formation are shown on figure 5. The aquifer is about 180 feet thick and the top of the aquifer is about 110 feet below the top of the formation (pl. 2). Sands above the major aquifer in the Gordo generally are of local extent and relatively thin.

Table 1 includes 30 wells that tap aquifers in the Gordo Formation at depths ranging from 200 to 1,300 feet. Seventeen of these wells were flowing in 1965 at an average of about 16 gpm per well. Well E-2 had the highest rate of flow, measured at 42.5 gpm on August 16, 1965, and reported at 90 gpm in 1940. Well EE-5, 1,300 feet deep, was flowing at 19.5 gpm in 1965. This well probably penetrates the underlying Coker Formation; however, the temperature of water from the well indicates that production is from the Gordo (table 2, wells EE-5, DD-12, and V-8).

The specific capacities of two wells tapping the Gordo Formation have been calculated from head and flow measurements (given in table 1) to be 3 and 0.3 gpm per foot of drawdown. These specific capacities probably are not representative of the formation, however, because the wells (U-11 and CC-2) were constructed for stock supplies and not for maximum yield. The specific capacities of wells tapping the Gordo Formation in Pickens County range from 9 to 12 gpm per foot of drawdown (Wahl, 1965), and it is assumed that properly constructed and developed wells in Greene County would have similar specific capacities. On the basis of these data, it is estimated that wells with capacities of 1,000 gpm or more can be constructed in the major aquifer of the Gordo Formation in Greene County.

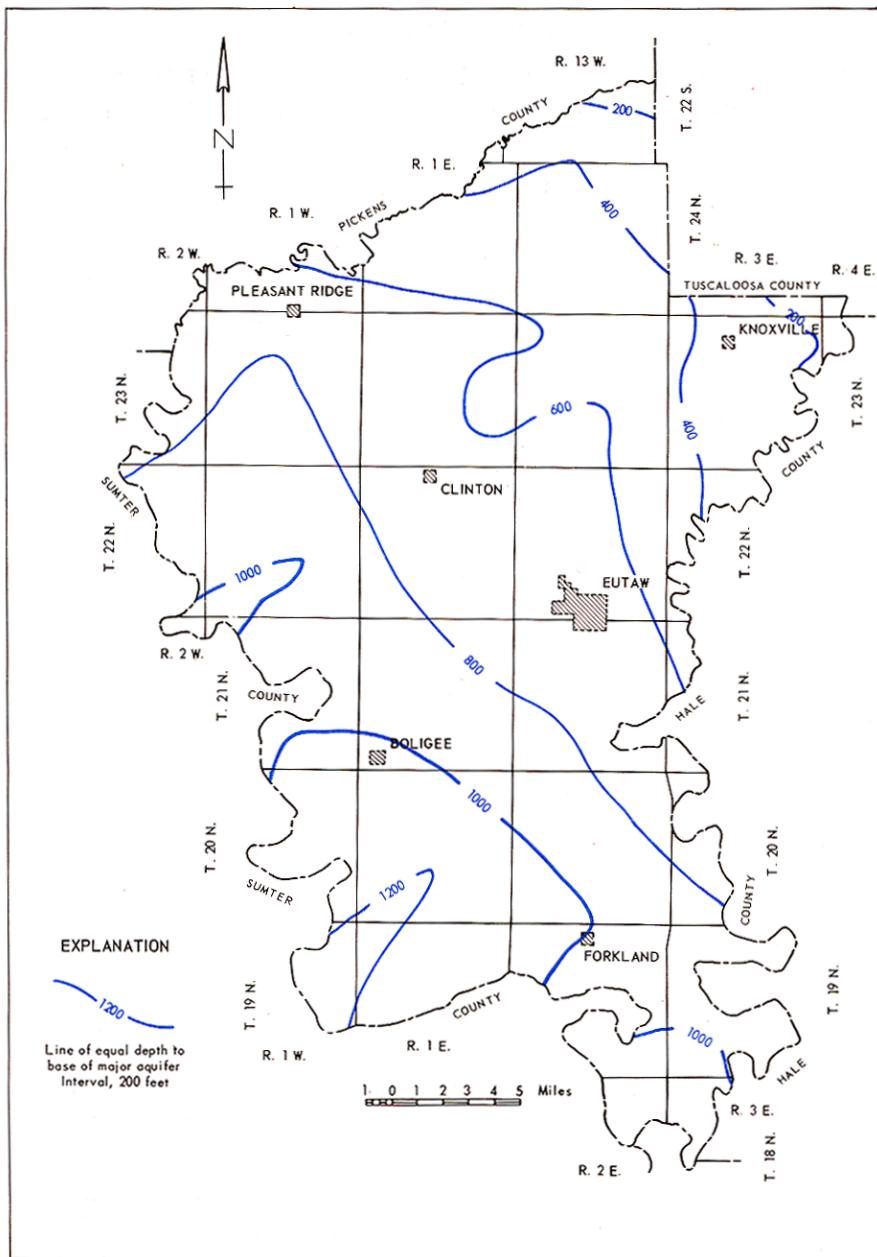


Figure 5.—Generalized depth to base of major aquifer, Gordo Formation.

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### CHEMICAL QUALITY

Partial chemical analyses of water from 30 wells tapping the Gordo Formation are given in table 2 and summarized below.

	In parts per million					Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	pH
	Iron	Bicarbonate	Carbonate	Chloride	Calcium,		
					magnesium	Noncarbonate	
High	7.3	336	14	3,700	568	379	8.8
Median	.45	146	0	105	55	0	7.6
Low	.05	8	0	4	9	0	6.3

Figure 6 shows the distribution of iron in water from the Gordo Formation. Locally the water has an iron content of 0.3 ppm or more in the central and eastern parts of the county.

The bicarbonate and carbonate contents of water from the Gordo Formation are not problems to domestic and municipal users but may be objectionable to some industrial users.

The distribution of chloride in water from the Gordo Formation is shown in figure 7. In general, water with a chloride content of less than 250 ppm is desirable for domestic and municipal use; however, water containing chloride in excess of 250 ppm is used in many areas where more suitable supplies are not available.

The hardness of water from wells tapping the Gordo Formation ranges from soft (0-60 ppm) to very hard (181 ppm or more). In general, hardness of water in the Gordo increases in conjunction with increasing chloride, and wells that produce very hard water are only in the area of 1,000 ppm or more chloride, shown on figure 7.

Water from 6 wells tapping the Gordo Formation was acidic (pH below 7.0) and from the other 24 wells was alkaline (pH above 7.0).

Comprehensive chemical analyses of water from two wells tapping the Gordo Formation, which include values for chemical constituents and characteristics not listed in table 2, are included in table 3.

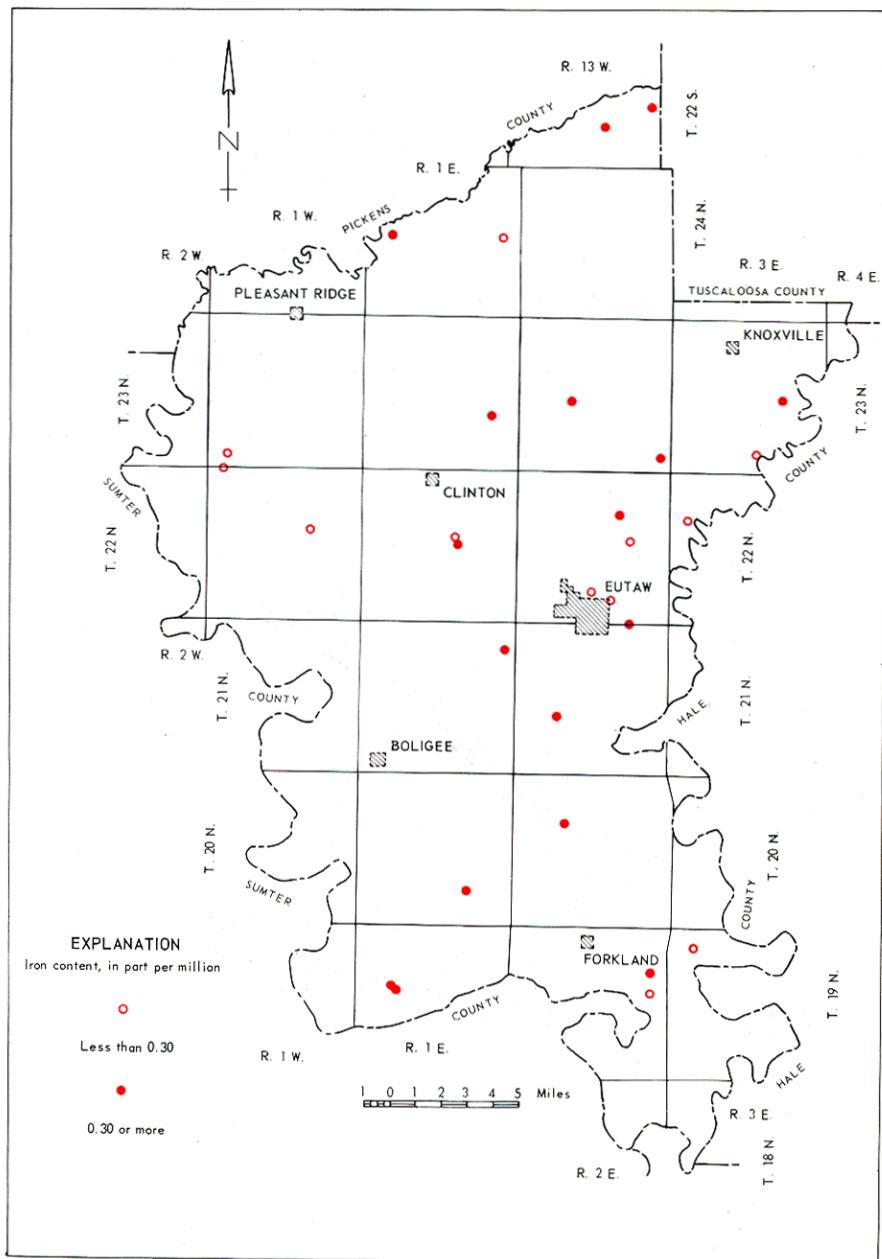


Figure 6.—Distribution of iron in water from the Gordo Formation.

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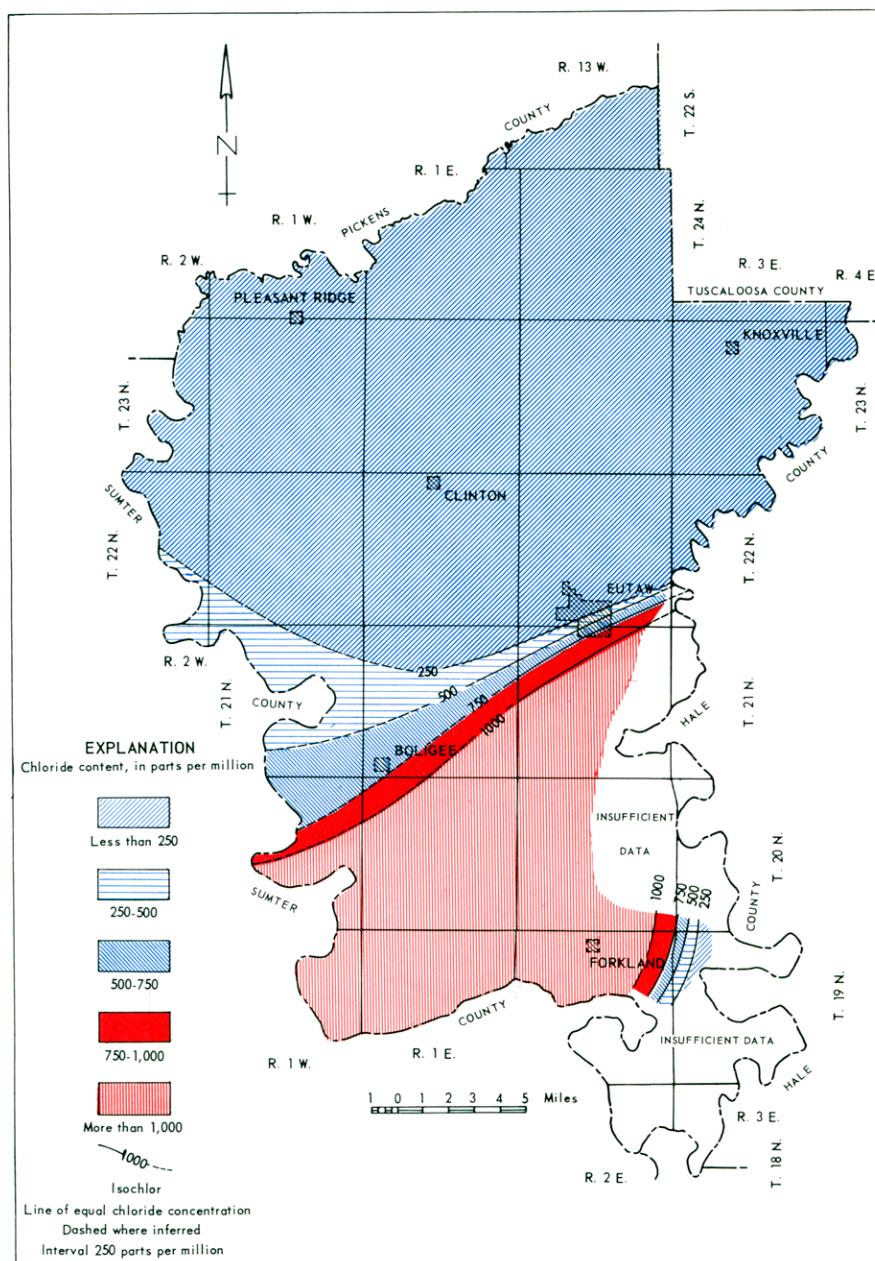


Figure 7.—Distribution of chloride in water from the Gordo Formation.

In general, water from the Gordo Formation in the northern part and in the extreme southeast corner of the county is of good chemical quality, except locally where it contains objectionable quantities of iron. Water from the Gordo in most of the southern part of the county is hard and high in chloride and iron.

#### McSHAN FORMATION

The McShan Formation is underlain by the Gordo Formation and overlain by the Eutaw Formation. The McShan crops out in the northeastern part of Greene County and is present in the subsurface southwest of the outcrop area. The formation is about 250 feet thick and dips toward the southwest at an average rate of about 35 feet per mile. In general, the structural configuration of the McShan is similar to that of the Gordo Formation (fig. 4).

The lower part of the McShan Formation consists of thin to massive beds of fine- to coarse-grained glauconitic sand interbedded with layers of gray to light-gray laminated clay. The upper part consists of thin beds of crossbedded fine- to medium-grained glauconitic sand and gray laminated clay. Locally, sand beds are sparse or absent and the upper part of the McShan consists of massive beds of gray laminated clay.

#### WATER AVAILABILITY

Sands in the McShan Formation generally are good aquifers in Greene County. The major aquifer in the McShan consists of massive beds of fine- to coarse-grained sand in the lower part of the formation. Depths to the base of this major aquifer are shown on figure 8. The top of the major aquifer generally is poorly defined, because the sand beds gradually thicken and become coarser grained with depth. In general, the top of the major aquifer is about 100 feet below the top of the formation and the aquifer is about 150 feet thick. Sands above the major aquifer yield water to many wells in Greene County, but generally yield less water than the major aquifer because the sands are fine grained and the beds are relatively thin.

Table 1 includes many wells that produce water from the McShan Formation at depths ranging from 73 to 900 feet. Many of

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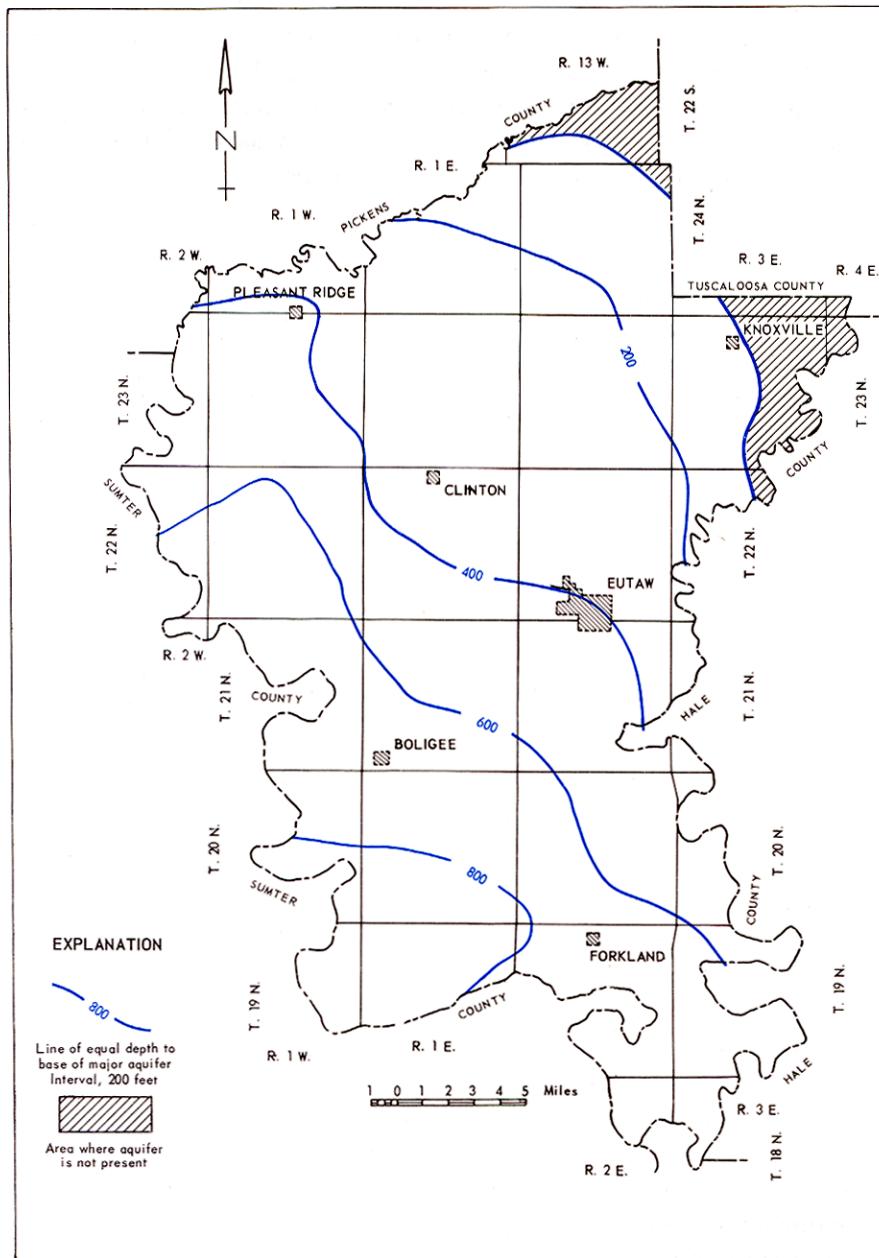


Figure 8.—Generalized depth to base of major aquifer, McShan Formation.

these wells flow. The average flows from wells tapping the upper part of the formation and the major aquifer are about 12 and 28 gpm, respectively. Well DD-18, which taps the major aquifer at a depth of 740 feet, flows 200 gpm. Well R-12, which taps the major aquifer, was test pumped at 460 gpm with 32 feet of drawdown for a specific capacity of 14 gpm per foot of drawdown. Well R-13, which taps the upper part of the McShan, was pumped at 75 gpm with 26 feet of drawdown for a specific capacity of 3 gpm per foot of drawdown. Well R-14, which taps the major aquifer, was test pumped at 250 gpm with 22 feet of drawdown for a specific capacity of 11 gpm per foot of drawdown. On the basis of the above data, it is estimated that wells with capacities of 1,000 gpm or more could be constructed in the major aquifer in the McShan Formation in Greene County.

#### CHEMICAL QUALITY

Partial chemical analyses of water from 116 wells tapping the McShan Formation are given in table 2 and summarized below.

	In parts per million						
	Iron	Bicarbonate	Carbonate	Chloride	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		
					Calcium,	Noncar-	pH
High	11	656	100	2,560	435	286	9.6
Median	.10	295	0	225	35	0	8.0
Low	.00	10	0	3.8	8	0	6.1

Figure 9 shows the areal distribution of iron in water from the McShan Formation. Water containing 0.3 ppm or more iron occurs locally in the northern part of the county and water high in chloride content in the southern part of the county (figs. 9 and 10). Wells tapping different parts of the McShan in an area may produce water having different iron content; however, available data are too sparse to delineate these areas.

The bicarbonate and carbonate contents of water from the McShan Formation are not problems for domestic and municipal uses, but they may be objectionable for some industrial uses.

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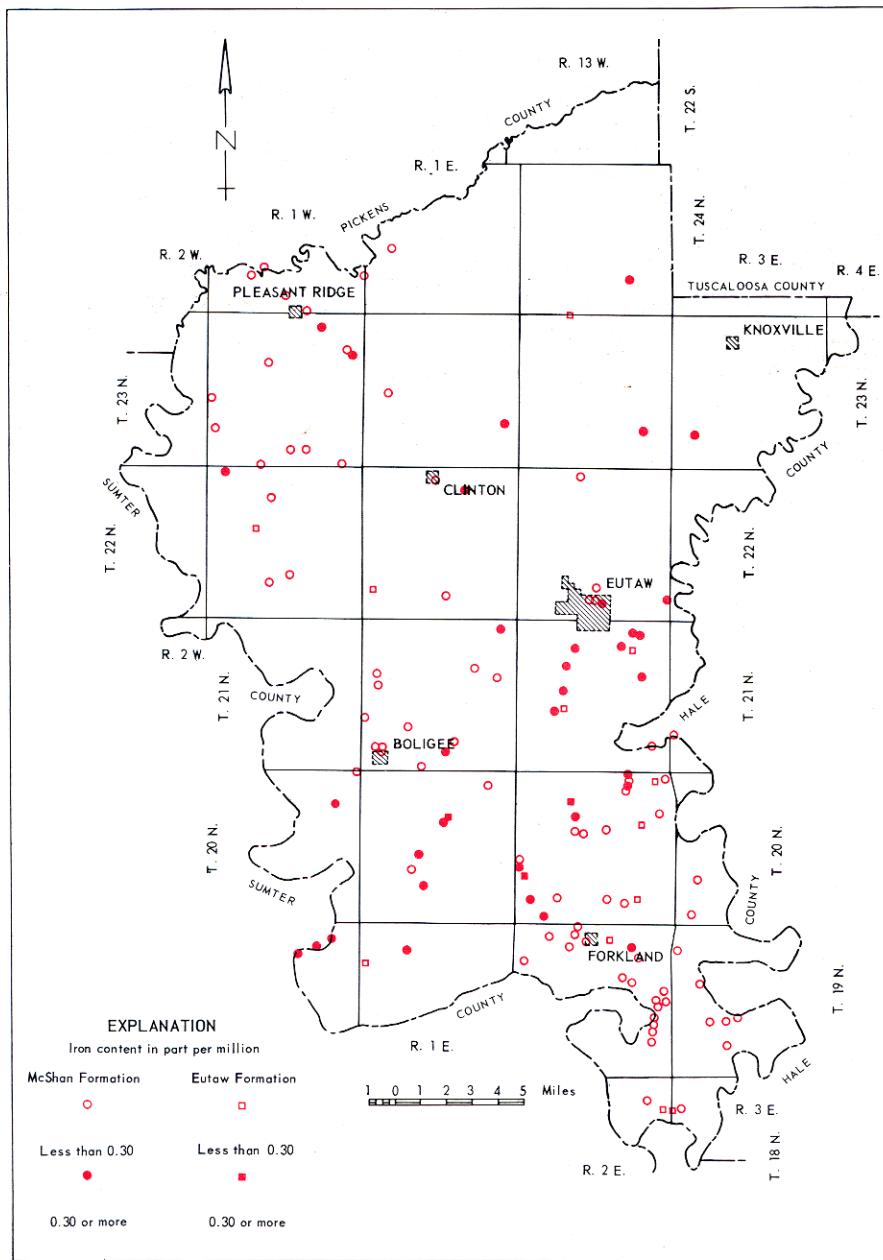


Figure 9.—Distribution of iron in water from the McShan and Eutaw Formations.

The distribution of chloride in water from the McShan Formation is shown on figure 10. In general, water with a chloride content of less than 250 ppm is desirable for domestic and municipal use; however, water containing chloride in excess of 250 ppm is used in many areas where more suitable supplies are not available.

The hardness of water from wells tapping the McShan Formation ranges from soft (0-60 ppm) to very hard (181 ppm or more). In the southern part of the county hardness increases in conjunction with increasing chloride, and wells producing hard and very hard water are only in the area of 1,000 ppm or more chloride, shown on figure 10. In the northern part of the county moderately hard to very hard water occurs in an area north of Clinton and Eutaw from Pleasant Ridge to the Warrior River.

Water from 5 wells tapping the McShan Formation was acidic (pH below 7.0) and water from 106 wells was alkaline (pH above 7.0).

Comprehensive chemical analyses of water from seven wells tapping the McShan Formation are included in table 3. These analyses include values for a number of chemical constituents and characteristics not listed in table 2.

The fluoride content of water from the McShan Formation ranges from 0.2 to 2.4 ppm (table 3). Fluoride in drinking water in excess of 1.5 ppm may cause mottled enamel on teeth if the water is used during the period of calcification of the teeth of children—roughly during the first 6 to 8 years of life (Dean and others, 1942). Although fluoride in excess of 1.5 ppm may cause mottled enamel, studies have indicated that moderate concentrations (0.7 to 1.5 ppm) help to prevent tooth decay (California State Water Quality Control Board, 1963, p. 189-190).

One means of estimating the suitability of water for irrigation is based on specific conductance and sodium-adsorption ratio (Hem, 1959, p. 251). The following ratings for water from the McShan Formation in Greene County are based on this system, from values given in table 3.

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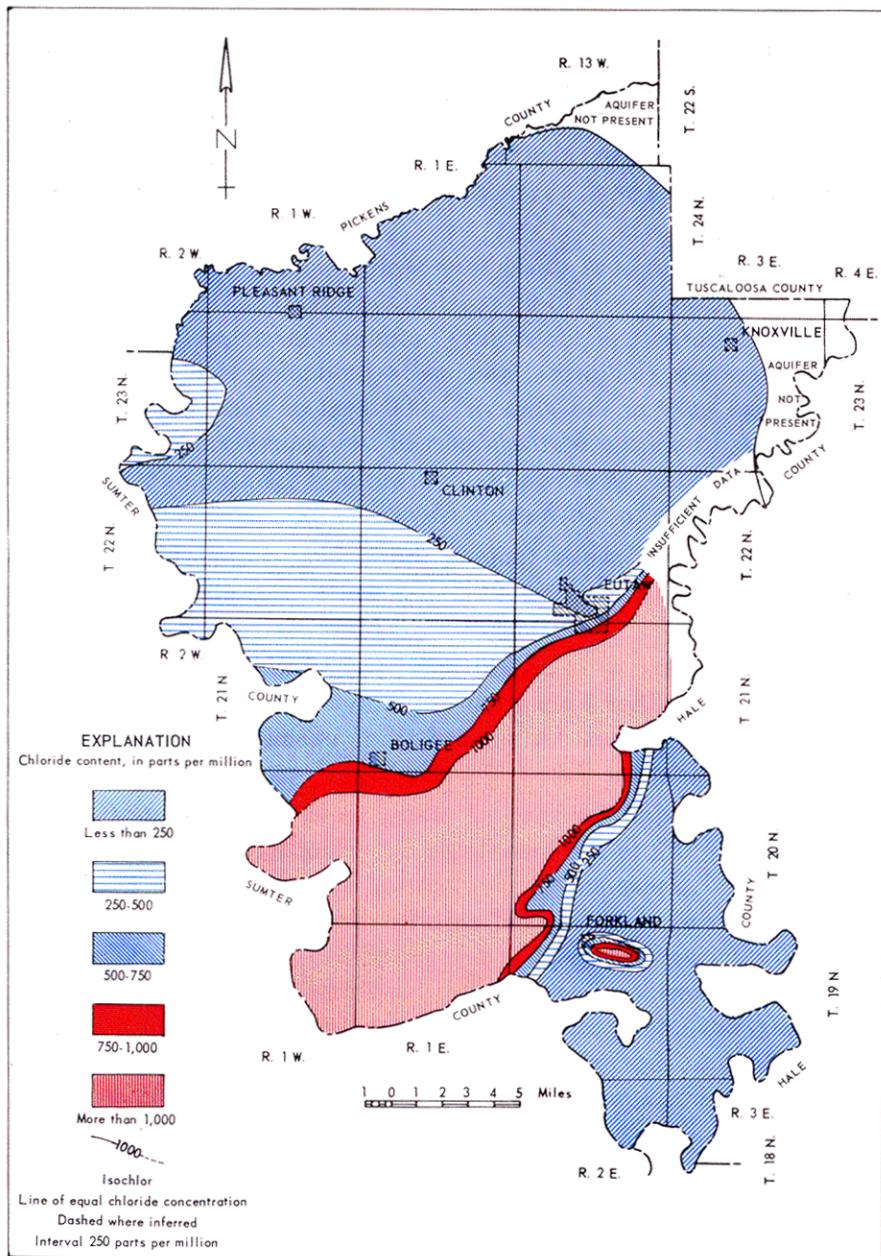


Figure 10.—Distribution of chloride in water from the McShan Formation.

<u>Well</u>	<u>Sodium (alkali) hazard</u>	<u>Salinity hazard</u>
D-1	Low	Medium
V-10	Very high	High
Z-9	Very high	Very high
DD-18	Very high	Medium

Criteria for evaluating water for irrigation, on the basis of chemical quality, have been developed for areas where irrigation has been practiced for many years, as in the southwestern United States. These criteria may not be applicable to Greene County; however, persons concerned with irrigation should be aware of the possible hazards.

#### **EUTAW FORMATION**

The Eutaw Formation, which includes the Tombigbee Sand Member in the upper part, is underlain by the McShan Formation and overlain by the Mooreville Chalk. The Eutaw crops out in the northeastern part of Greene County and is present in the subsurface southwest of the outcrop area (pl. 1). The formation is about 170 feet thick and dips toward the southwest at an average rate of about 35 feet per mile. In general, the structural configuration of the Eutaw is similar to that of the Gordo Formation (fig. 4).

The lower part of the Eutaw Formation consists of thin beds of crossbedded fine- to medium-grained glauconitic sand and gray laminated clay. Locally, sand beds are sparse or absent and the lower part of the Eutaw consists of massive beds of gray laminated clay. The Tombigbee Sand Member consists of a massive bed of glauconitic fine-grained sand containing fossil shells, and locally, layers of calcareous sandstone and sandy chalk.

#### **WATER AVAILABILITY**

Table 1 includes 23 wells that produce water from the Eutaw Formation at depths ranging from 15 to 600 feet. Some of these wells flow and the average flow is about 8 gpm.

Wells V-6 and AA-2 yield 1.3 and 3.5 gpm with drawdowns of 1.5 and 15.1 feet for specific capacities of 0.9 and 0.2 gpm per foot of drawdown. On the basis of these data, it is estimated that wells producing up to about 100 gpm can be constructed in the Eutaw Formation in Greene County. Although the amount of water available from the Eutaw is small compared to that from underlying formations, the Eutaw is an important water-bearing unit because it is the shallowest source of ground water in a large part of the county (see pls. 1 and 2).

#### CHEMICAL QUALITY

Partial chemical analyses of water from 16 wells tapping the Eutaw Formation are given in table 2 and summarized below.

	In parts per million						
	Iron	Bicarbonate	Carbonate	Chloride	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		
					Calcium, magnesium	Noncar- bonate	pH
High	1.6	463	30	3,530	482	346	8.8
Median	.10	312	0	260	40	0	7.9
Low	.01	10	0	10	12	0	6.3

Figure 9 shows the areal distribution of iron in water from the Eutaw Formation. Water containing 0.3 ppm or more iron occurs locally in the southern part of the county in association with water high in chloride content (table 2, wells Z-5, AA-8, and AA-22).

The bicarbonate and carbonate contents of water from the Eutaw Formation are not detrimental for domestic and municipal uses; however, these constituents may be objectionable for some industrial uses.

Present information is too sparse to delineate the extent of water high in chloride content in the Eutaw Formation. Information available indicates that water high in chloride content occurs in the Eutaw in an area similar to that shown for the McShan Formation on figure 10 except at two locations. Water from well P-8 had a chloride content of 640 ppm, indicating that water from the Eutaw is higher in chloride content than water from the McShan Formation

in the northwestern part of the county. Water from wells U-5 and U-13 had chloride contents of 25 and 180 ppm, indicating that water from the Eutaw Formation is lower in chloride content than water from the McShan in an area south and southeast of the town of Eutaw.

The hardness of water from wells tapping the Eutaw Formation ranges from soft (0-60 ppm) to very hard (181 ppm or more). Hardness increases in conjunction with increasing chloride, and wells producing hard and very hard water generally produce water having a chloride content of 1,000 ppm or more.

Water from one well tapping the Eutaw Formation was acidic (pH below 7.0) and water from 14 wells was alkaline (pH above 7.0).

Comprehensive chemical analyses of water from two wells tapping the Eutaw Formation are included in table 3. These analyses include values for a number of chemical constituents and characteristics not listed in table 2. Water from these two wells had fluoride contents of 1.3 and 1.0 ppm, and the following ratings of sodium and salinity hazards to irrigation.

<u>Well</u>	<u>Sodium (alkali) hazard</u>	<u>Salinity hazard</u>
Q-7	Very high	High
AA-8	Very high	Very high

A discussion of the effect of fluoride on teeth and of sodium and salinity hazards is included in the section describing chemical quality of water from the McShan Formation.

In general, chemical analyses of water from the Eutaw Formation indicate that it is satisfactory for municipal, domestic, and stock use except locally in the southern and western parts of the county, where the water is high in chloride and iron content.

#### ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS

The alluvial deposits (pl. 1) consist of two geologic units, terrace deposits and alluvium. They crop out in and along major

stream valleys throughout the county and are underlain by sediments of Cretaceous age. The alluvial deposits are as much as 70 feet thick and consist of clay, sand, and gravel. Because of the heterogeneity of alluvial deposits, individual beds are inconsistent in arrangement, thickness, and areal extent.

#### **WATER AVAILABILITY**

Ground water occurs in sands and gravels in the alluvial deposits, but because of the heterogeneity of the deposits, individual aquifers are difficult to define or describe accurately. In general, aquifers in the alluvial deposits yield sufficient water for domestic or stock use. Wells of large capacity probably could be constructed in the lower terrace deposits or in the alluvium along the Tombigbee, Warrior, and Sipsey Rivers where the aquifers are hydraulically connected with the streams.

#### **CHEMICAL QUALITY**

Reports of previous investigations in surrounding areas indicate that water in the alluvial deposits is of good chemical quality except locally where the iron content is high (Newton and others, 1961, p. 138; Sanford, personal communication; and Wahl, 1965).

One well, DD-8, tapping alluvial deposits in Greene County, produces water high in chloride content, which is attributed to pollution from nearby deep well DD-7.

#### **UTILIZATION OF GROUND WATER**

Ground-water use in Greene County in 1965 was estimated to be 1,150,000 gpd: 170,000 gpd for municipal use; 80,000 gpd for industrial use; and 900,000 gpd for farm use (table 6).

The calculated discharge from 111 flowing wells inventoried in 1964-65 was 2,740,000 gpd, which is estimated to be about 75 percent of the total discharge from all flowing wells in the county. The total discharge of water from all wells, flowing and pumped, is estimated to be about 4,000,000 gpd. The calculated discharge from 111 flowing wells, 2,740,000 gpd, is more than double the estimated ground-water use in the county.

The relation between ground-water discharge, recharge, and storage of an aquifer is usually expressed as follows: recharge equals discharge plus or minus the change in storage. The change in storage may be caused by increases or decreases in recharge and discharge. A change in ground-water storage is indicated by a rise or fall of the water level in a well tapping the aquifer.

Figure 11 shows a hydrograph for well R-11, which taps the major aquifer in the McShan Formation, monthly precipitation, and cumulative departure from average precipitation. The correlation between the hydrograph and the cumulative departure from average precipitation indicates that short-term changes in storage in the aquifer are primarily the result of seasonal precipitation, and that a long-term change in storage is due primarily to a long-term change in precipitation. Up to 1965, withdrawals from wells have not caused a notable decrease in storage in the aquifer and, therefore, these withdrawals probably are not exceeding recharge to the aquifer. A slight rise in the water-level trend in the fall of 1957 cannot be correlated with cumulative departure, but is attributed to the activation of Warrior Lock and Dam in September 1957, which raised the water level on the river about 32 feet at low-flow conditions. Because aquifers in the McShan Formation are estimated to supply more than 50 percent of the water used in Greene County in 1965 (table 6), it is assumed that withdrawals have not exceeded recharge in other aquifers in the county.

A determination of the amount of ground water available for utilization in Greene County is beyond the scope of this investigation; however, it is evident that only a small part of the available ground-water supply was being utilized in 1965.

### WATER PROBLEMS

A detailed discussion of water problems in Greene County is beyond the scope of this report; however, table 7 shows some of the major problems, the most common causes, the possible solutions, and the data needed to make pertinent decisions.

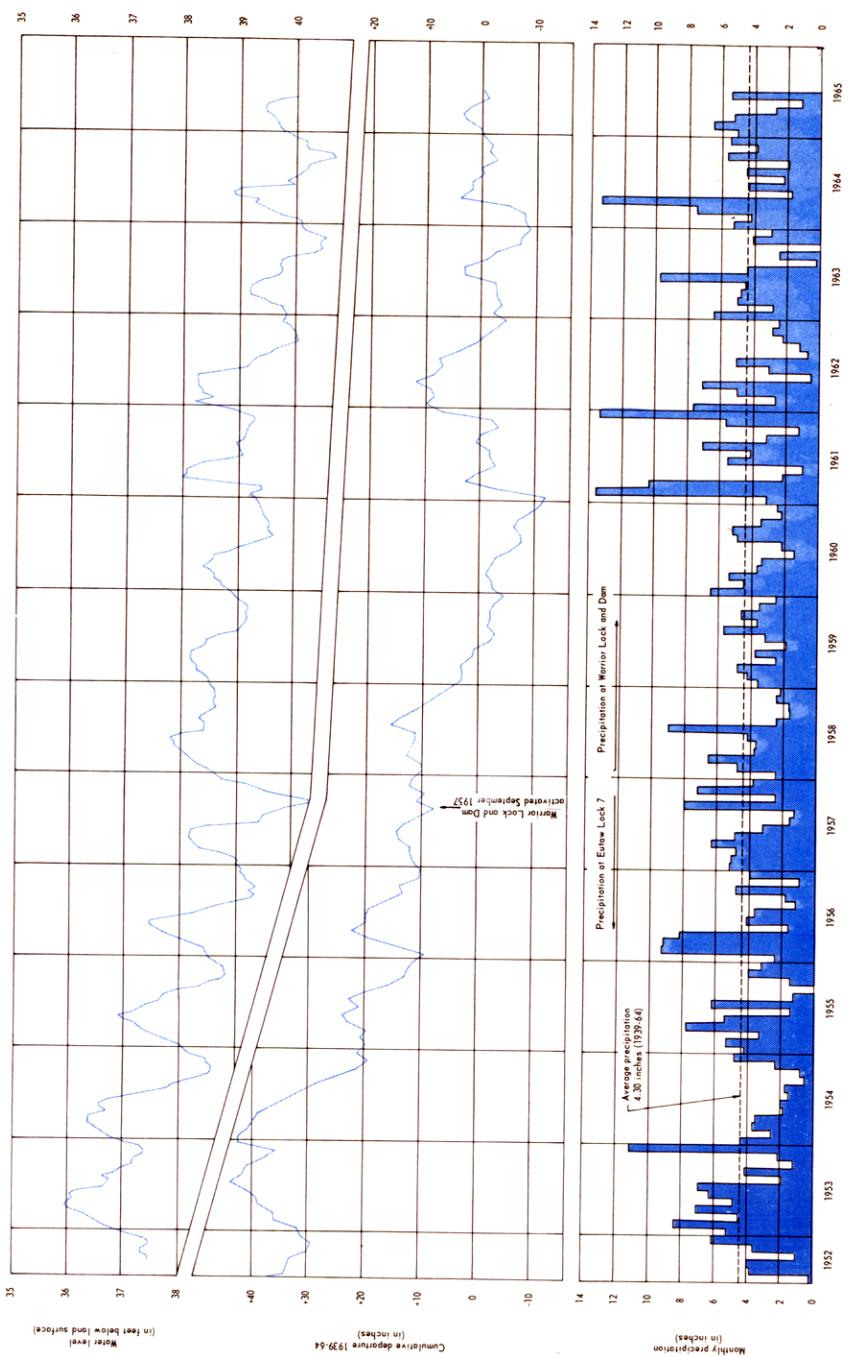


Figure 11.—Monthly precipitation, cumulative departure from average precipitation, and hydrograph of well R-11.

Table 7.—Ground-water problems and solutions

Major water problems	Common causes	Possible physical solutions	For data needed, see Greene County report reference below
1. Deficient supply .....	1. Increased demand for water .....	1. Tap more productive aquifer .....	1. Location of aquifers. See text "Ground-Water Sources," pl. 1, tables 1 and 5.
2. Decreasing or cessation of flow from wells	2. Declining water levels, see problem 4	2. Provide water storage .....	2. Depth to aquifers. See text "Ground-Water Sources," pl. 2, figs. 2, 5, 8, and table 1.
3. Poor quality.....	3. Poor well construction .....	3. Proper well construction .....	3. Yields of aquifers. See text "Ground-Water Sources," tables 1 and 5.
4. Wasted ground water .....	4. Water high in iron in aquifer .....	4. Treatment or filter system .....	4. Water level. See figure 11 and table 1.
5. Wasted ground water .....	5. Water high in chloride in aquifer .....	5. Tap aquifers containing better water .....	5. Driller's or sample log. See table 4.
6. Uncontrolled flow from wells .....	6. Declining water levels .....	6. Pumping .....	6. Quality of water in aquifers. See text "Ground-Water Sources," figs. 3, 6, 7, 9, and 10, and tables 2 and 3.
7. Equip flowing wells with valves and cap .....	7. Weather conditions .....	7. No proved economical solution .....	7. Aquifer properties (specific capacity, transmissibility, storage, etc.). See text "Ground-Water Sources."
8. Equip flowing wells with valves and cap .....	8. Uncontrolled flow from wells .....	8. Well construction. See table 1.	8. Well construction. See table 1.
or plug abandoned wells			

### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The results of the ground-water investigation in Greene County lead to the following conclusions regarding the water resources:

**Source:** Ground water is available from sand and gravel aquifers in the Coker, Gordo, McShan, and Eutaw Formations and in the alluvial deposits. The Mooreville and Demopolis Chalks are relatively impermeable and are not sources of ground water; however, these impermeable units are significant parts of the overall ground-water system because they confine water in underlying aquifers and limit the downward percolation of water from overlying aquifers.

**Quantity:** Relatively large quantities of water (1,000 gpm or more per well) can be obtained from the Coker, Gordo, and McShan Formations. The alluvial deposits and Eutaw Formation generally yield sufficient water for domestic or stock use, and wells of large capacity probably can be constructed in the lower terrace deposits and alluvium along major streams where the aquifers are hydraulically connected with the streams.

**Use:** Ground-water use in Greene County was estimated to be 1,150,000 gpd in 1965. Most of this water, 840,000 gpd, was supplied by aquifers in the McShan Formation.

The calculated flow from 111 flowing wells inventoried in 1965 was 2,740,000 gpd, more than double the estimated ground-water use in the county.

**Quality:** The chemical quality of water from wells tapping the Coker Formation is generally satisfactory for domestic, stock, or municipal use; however, the water may be too highly mineralized for some industrial uses. Water containing excessive chloride and hardness probably occurs in the Coker in the southern part of the county.

The chemical quality of water from wells tapping the Gordo, McShan, and Eutaw Formations ranges from good to poor (figs. 6, 7, 9, and 10).

Water from wells tapping the alluvial deposits is of good chemical quality except locally where excessive amounts of iron or chloride are present.

**Problems:** The most serious ground-water problem in Greene County is that much of the water contains excessive amounts of iron or of chloride. The possible solutions are: (1) if the problem is due to a high iron content, the water can be treated or filtered or another source may be located; (2) if the chloride content is high, another source of water having a lower chloride content may be sought.

**Future studies:** Additional studies will be necessary to solve quantitative ground-water problems in Greene County. Some subjects that should be considered for future investigation are: the interrelation of ground water and surface water; the quantity and quality of water available in the Coker and Gordo Formations in the southern part of the county; aquifer characteristics (storage and transmissibility) of the Coker, Gordo, McShan, and Eutaw Formations; a water budget for the county; the location of and depth to aquifers low in iron content; the relation between the chemical quality of water and the distance the water has to travel in the aquifer; the relation between the area of high chloride in the county and the geologic structure and ground-water movement; and the relation, if any, between the quality of the water and the lithology of the aquifer.

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**BASIC DATA**

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Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County

Well: Numbers correspond to those on plates 1 and 2 and in tables 2, 3, and 4; asterisk indicates chemical analysis given in table 3.

Type: D, drilled or bored; Du, dug; Dv, driven.

Depth of well and water level: Reported depths are given in feet; measured depths are given in feet and tenths.

Water-bearing unit: Kck, Coker Formation; Kg, Gordo Formation; Km, McShan Formation; Ke, Eutaw Formation; Qt, terrace deposits; Qal, alluvium.

Altitude: Altitudes determined by aneroid barometer, or from topographic maps.

Method of lift: C, cylinder; Cn, centrifugal; J, jet; N, none; R, ram; S, submersible; T, turbine.

Use of water: D, domestic; I, industrial; N, none; O, observation; P, public supply; S, stock.

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet)	Above (+) or below land surface (feet)	Date of measurement	Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks	
A-1	W. H. Morrow . . . . .	James Lamb . . . . .	D	600	3½, 1½	Kg, Kck	197	+	2.5	3-28-46	J	D, S	
A-2	Stuart Gandy . . . . .		D	280	2	Kg	206	10	.....	J	D, S	Casing: 3½-in from surface to 50 ft; 1½-in from surface to 250 ft; none below. Flow: 2.1 gpm on 3-28-46; stopped flowing in 1955.	
*D-1	H. H. and Thomas Eatman.	Andrew Norwood . . . . .	D	253	3	Km	157	+	9	4- 2-14	N	D, S	Casing: 2-in from surface to 147 ft. See sample log.
D-2	Marsha Horton Spear . . . . .		D	2½	3	Km	132	+	3.8	10-18-40	N	D, S	Casing: 3-in from surface to 18 ft; none below. Flow: 18 gpm on 4-2-14; 17.5 gpm with 2.5 ft of drawdown on 10-18-40; 4 gpm on 8-10-65. Flow: 1.7 gpm with 1.2 ft of drawdown on 10-18-40; 1 gpm on 8-4-65.

D-3	.....do.....	.....	D	280	4	Km	137	+	6.5	8- 4-65	N	S	
D-4	Everett Owens .....	C. W. Blount.....	D	450	4	Km	285	135	.....	J	D,S		
E-1	Curtis Batman.....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	340	4,2	Kg	233	32	1963	J	D,S		
E-2	Mrs. Mary Richardson .....	E. B. Norwood .....	D	460	6	Kg	145	Flowing	8-16-65	N	D,S		
E-3	Jim Noland .....	L. A. Hollingsworth .....	D	280	4,2	Km	155	Flowing	8-10-65	J	D,S		
E-4	L. A. Hollingsworth .....	Curtis Batman.....	D	25	36	Km	309	.....	.....	J	D,S		
F-1	Ace Drilling Co ...	Ace Drilling Co ...	D	292.5	4	Kg	212	34.1	8-10-65	N	N		
F-2	V. E. Pearce.....	.....	D	700	4	Kck	226	.....	.....	J	D,S		
F-3	Willard Williams .....	Ace Drilling Co ...	D	268	4,2	Km	305	91.5	3-20-57	J	D,S		
G-1	Lula Phillips .....	James Lamb .....	D	497	4	Kck	153	+	14.0	8-16-65	N	D	
H-1	Dan Miller.....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	420	4,2	Kck	124	+	13.0	9- 5-56	N	D	
H-2	--Meredith.....	.....	D	420	.....	Kck	124	+	12	8-10-65	N	D	
I-1	U.S. Corps of Engi- neers.	.....	D	300	3	Kck	120	Flowing	8-10-65	N	N		
J-1	J. H. Lamb .....	.....	D	400	4	Kck	124	Flowing	8-10-65	J	D,S		
J-2	Russell Allen .....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	220	4	Kg	240	170	10- -64	J	D		
J-3	.....do.....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	570	4,2	Kck	115	Flowing	8-10-65	N	S		
J-4	W. H. Spencer .....	.....	D	560	2	Kck	150	Flowing	8- 5-65	J	D		

Flow: 6.5 gpm with 5.5 ft of  
drawdown on 8-4-65.Casing: 4-in from surface to  
42 ft; 2-in from 25 to 340 ft.  
See driller's log.Reported flow 90 gpm in  
1940; f.w 42.5 gpm on  
8-16-65.Casing: 4-in from surface to  
272 ft; 2-in screen from 272  
to 282 ft. See driller's log.Electric log in files of U.S.  
Geol. Survey.Casing: 4-in from surface to  
147 ft; 2-in from 147 to 215  
ft; 2-in perforated casing  
from 215 to 236 ft. Equipped  
with sand filter to remove  
iron. See driller's log.Electric log in files of U.S.  
Geol. Survey.Well equipped with valve for  
confining flow. Flow 5 gpm  
on 8-16-65 with valve wide  
open.Estimated flow 15 gpm on  
8-10-65.

Flow 1.8 gpm on 8-10-65.

Estimated flow 15 gpm on  
8-10-65.

Flow 10.5 gpm on 8-10-65.

Casing: 4-in from surface to  
72 ft; 2-in from 72 to 570 ft.  
Flow 50 gpm on 8-10-65.Flow 5.4 gpm on 9-18-40;  
estimated flow 3 gpm on  
8-5-65.

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Above (+) or below (−) surface (feet) of land	Depth of measurement	Method of test of water	Use of water	Remarks			
											Water level			
J-5	New Bethany Baptist Church.	J. K. Scott . . . . .	D	540	4	Kck	+ 21.0	2- 4-47	N	P	Casing: 4-in from surface to 107 ft; none below. Flow 11.6 gpm on 2-4-47. See driller's log.			
J-6	Ernest Wilson . . . . .	Posey Drilling Co. . . . .	D	73	4	Km	180	33	1962	J	D, S	Flow 25 gpm on 8-5-65.		
J-7	E. Hamilton . . . . .		D	200	4	Kg	100	Flowing	8- 5-65	C	D			
K-1	Frenchie Burton . . . . .	Du	36	36	Ke	297	.....	.....	J	D, S				
K-2	Allen Upchurch . . . . .	Du	30	36	Ke	270	24	1964	J	D	Water reported to be high in iron content. Well unused due to poor quality.			
K-3	H. O. Goss . . . . .	D	200	4	Km	225	.....	.....	J	N				
K-4	H. H. Coleman . . . . .	James Phillips . . . . .	D	370	4	Kg	230	30	12-17-47	J	D, S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 45 ft; none below. See driller's log.		
K-5	Union Church . . . . .	Blackbelt Drilling Co. . . . .	D	190	4	Km	335	.....	.....	C	P	Casing: 4-in from surface to 84 ft; none below. See driller's log.		
K-6	E. C. Lamb, Jr. . . . .	Du	22	36	Qal	175	13	1965	J	D, S				
K-7	Gulf States Paper Corp.	D	350	4	Kg	178	+ 1	8-16-65	J	D				
L-1	Maybelle Baines . . . . .	James Lamb . . . . .	D	700	3	Kck	225	.....	.....	N	N			
L-2	J. C. Jacobs . . . . .	Du	30	36	Ke	240	.....	.....	J	D				
L-3	J. W. Sterling . . . . .	West Alabama Lime Co. . . . .	D	420	4,2	Km	246	50	1960	J	D, S			
L-4	Homer Bambarger . . . . .	D	450	4	Kg	195	6	.....	J	D				

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L-5	Greene County Schools.	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	360	4,2	Km	260	120	2- -64	J	P
M-1	Allen Grubbs.....	.....	D	300	4	Km	222	53	1956	J	P
M-2	Albert Billings.....	.....	D	500	4	Km	268	.....	.....	C	D,S
M-3	Richard Owens.....	Clardy Drilling Co.	D	448	4,2	Km	297	140	1958	J	D,S
M-4	.....	L. M. Glasco .....	D	1,880	...	.....	289	.....	.....	.....	.....
M-5	Allen Grubbs.....	..... do.....	D	1,900	...	.....	219	.....	.....	.....	.....
M-6	Mrs. J. L. Hardy.....	.....	Du	35	36	Qt	278	.....	J	D	Do.
M-7	.....	L. M. Glasco .....	D	1,840	...	.....	191	.....	.....	.....	Do.
M-8	Allen Grubbs.....	.....	D	200	4	Km	241	17	1956	J	D
M-9	do.....	.....	D	500	4	Km	239	55	1946	J	P
M-10	I. A. Gay.....	Lynn McCracken .....	D	375	3	Km	200	24.9	7-29-65	J	D,S
M-11	J. A. Norwood .....	L. M. Glasco .....	D	5,530	...	.....	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
M-12	.....	..... do.....	D	1,870	...	.....	166	.....	.....	.....	.....
M-13	Foster Norton.....	E. B. Norwood .....	D	410	4,2	Km	136	Flowing	8- 4-65	Cn	D,S
M-14	..... do.....	.....	D	400	2	Km	146	Flowing	7-26-65	Cn	D
M-15	..... do.....	E. B. Norwood .....	D	723	4,2	Kg	144	Flowing	8- 4-65	N	S
M-16	J. O. Gay.....	.....	D	435	4	Km	187	32	1950	J	D

Casing: 4-in from surface to 204 ft; 2-in from 204 to 267 ft; 2-in screen from 267 to 277 ft; 2-in casing from 277 to 298 ft; 2-in screen from 298 to 318 ft; 2-in casing from 318 to 360 ft. See driller's log.

Casing: 4-in from surface to 30 ft; none below.

Casing: 4-in from surface to 198 ft; 2-in from 198 to 448 ft.

Oil exploration corehole. See sample log.

Do.

Do.

Oil test. See sample log. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.

Oil exploration corehole. See sample log.

Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; 2-in from surface to 410 ft. Flow 10 gpm on 8-4-65.

Casing: 2-in from surface to 400 ft; perforated in lower part. Flow 10 gpm on 7-26-65.

Casing: 4-in from surface to 723 ft; 2-in from surface to 723 ft; perforated in lower part. Flow 7 gpm on 8-4-65.

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet)	Above (+) or below land surface (feet)	Date of last measurement	Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
M-17	H. O. Williams . . . . .	-- Adams . . . . .	D	300	4	Km	157	30	.....	J	D	
M-18	J. H. Montgomery . . . . .	-- Adams . . . . .	D	450	4	Km	223	.....	7-30-65	.....	J	D
N-1	St. Louis-San Fran- cisco Railway . . . . .	. . . . .	D	.....	8	.....	130	Flowing	7-30-65	.....	D	Estimated flow 25 gpm on 7-30-65.
N-2	Foster Norton . . . . .	. . . . .	D	150	...	Ke	120	Flowing	7-26-65	N	S	
P-1	Charles Montgomery . . . . .	. . . . .	D	500	4	Km	257	.....	.....	C	D,S	
P-2	W. C. Hardy . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co. . . . .	D	350	4	Km	201	60	.....	J	D	
P-3	W. H. Williams . . . . .	. . . . .	D	300	4	Km	145	2	11-29-40	C	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 20 ft; none below.
P-4	do . . . . .	C. W. Blount . . . . .	D	777	4	Kg	145	Flowing	7-19-65	N	D,S	Flow 12 gpm on 7-19-65.
P-5	do . . . . .	. . . . .	D	500	4	Km	145	+ 7.4	11-29-40	N	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 500 ft. Flow: 3.4 gpm with 5.1 ft of drawdown on 11-29-40; no flow on 7-19-65.
P-6	do . . . . .	West Alabama Lime Co. . . . .	D	520	4	Km	125	Flowing	7-19-65	?†	S	Flow 0.5 gpm on 7-19-65.
P-7	do . . . . .	C. W. Blount . . . . .	D	747	4	Kg	157	Flowing	7-19-65	N	S	
P-8	E. V. Montgomery . . . . .	West Alabama Lime Co. . . . .	D	280	4.2	Ke	130	+ 2	7-23-65	J	P	Flow 3 gpm on 7-19-65.
P-9	C. H. Hardy . . . . .	do . . . . .	D	580	4	Km	265	130	1964	J	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 23 ft; 2-in from 112 to 280 ft.
P-10	R. H. Williams . . . . .	-- Adams . . . . .	D	460	4	Km	130	+ 4.4	11-29-40	N	D,S	See driller's log.
								+.7	7-19-65		D,S	Flow: 1.3 gpm with 3.7 ft of drawdown on 11-29-40; es- timated 1 gpm on 7-19-65.

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P-11	Greene County Schools.	.....	D	.....	4	.....	120	Flowing	7-19-65	J	P	Estimated flow 1 gpm on 7-19-65.
P-12	Burt McClellan.....	.....	D	.....	2	.....	112	Flowing	7-19-65	N	D	Flow 31 gpm on 7-19-65.
Q-1	M. L. Porter.....	.....	D	300	4,2	Km	210	20	1955	J	D	
*Q-2	E. F. King .....	.....	D	960	4,2	Kck	157	Flowing	7-29-65	Cn	D,S	Flow 35 gpm on 7-29-65.
Q-3	.....do.....	.....	D	300	4	Km	157	.2	7-29-65	N	N	
Q-4	.....do.....	.....	D	150	4	Km	157	.....	.....	J	D	
Q-5	M. Hales .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	500	6	Kg	185	.....	.....	J	D,S	
Q-6	.....do.....	.....	D	550	4	Kg	170	.....	.....	J	D,S	
*Q-7	Philip Crawford .....	.....	D	240	4	Ke	180	25	.....	J	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 18 ft; none below.
Q-8	Archie I. Brown .....	James Lamb.....	D	250	4	Km	150	.....	.....	J	D,S	
R-1	Mrs. Carrie Peoples.	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	300	4	Km	340	.....	.....	S	D,S	
R-2	Cecil Stephens .....	Du	15	36	Ke	180	5	8- 5-65	J	D,S		
R-3	R and R Truckstop..	James Lamb .....	D	135	4	Km	145	1.4	9-18-40	J	P	Well deepened to 400 ft about 1950.
*R-4	M. F. Roebuck .....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	466	4,2	Kg	145	Flowing	8- 5-65	J	P	Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; 2-in from 40 to 466 ft. Estimated flow 15 gpm on 8-5-65.
R-5	Arthur Spencer .....	.....	D	600	4	Kg, Kck	140	Flowing	7-15-65	J	D	Flow 40 gpm on 7-15-65.
R-6	J. O. Banks.....	.....	D	.....	4	.....	166	6.2	8- 5-65	C	D	
R-7	James H. Poole .....	Du	22	36	Ke	190	3	7-29-65	J	D		
R-8	E. P. Solomon .....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	600	4	Kg, Kck	140	Flowing	7-14-65	N	S	Estimated flow 0.2 gpm on 7-14-65.
R-9	.....do.....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	170	4	Km	160	35.8	4-12-54	J	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 110 ft; none below. See sample log.
R-10	Gorden Colson Sawmill.	.....	D	524	4	Kg	122	Flowing	8- 5-65	Cn	I	Casing: 4-in from surface to 314 ft; 2-in from 290 to 395 ft; 2-in screen from 395 to 407 ft. Equipped with auto- matic water-level recorder. See driller's log.
R-11	City of Eutaw.....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	497	4,2	Km	173	36.9	5-30-52	N	O	

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet)	Above (+) or below (–) land surface (feet)	Date of measurement	Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
*R-12	City of Eutaw . . . . .	Layne-Central Co.	D	441	16, 10	Km	205	83 85.8	1952 6-24-65	T	P	Casing: 16-in from surface to 390 ft; 10-in from 331 to 394 ft; 10-in screen from 394 to 429 ft; 10-in casing from 429 to 435 ft. Drawdown 32 ft after 8 hrs pumping 460 gpm. See driller's log. Owner's well 3.
*R-13	. . . . . do. . . . .	do. . . . .	D	306	12, 8	Km	205	84	1940	T	N	Casing: 12-in from surface to 262 ft; 8-in screen from 206 to 264 ft; 8-in screen from 264 to 306 ft. Drawdown 26 ft when pumping 75 gpm. Not used since 1950. See driller's log. Owner's well 1.
*R-14	. . . . . do. . . . .	do. . . . .	D	389	12, 6	Km	166	30.0 34.4	12-3-49 6-24-65	T	P	Casing: 12-in from surface to 325 ft; 6-in from 249 to 329 ft; 6-in screen from 329 to 379 ft; 6-in casing from 379 to 389 ft. Drawdown 22 ft after 8 hrs pumping 250 gpm. See driller's log of test hole to 634 ft. Owner's well 2.
R-15	William Lee . . . . .	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	750	4,2	Kg	115	Flowing	7-15-65	N	S	Flow 12 gpm on 7-15-65.

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R-16	U.S. Corps of Engineers.	.....	D	100	6	Km	100	+	1	8- 5-65	N	P	Flow 0.8 gpm on 8-5-65.
S-1	Lewis Brodnix . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	350	2	Kg	100	+	10	1935	R	D,S	Casing: 2-in from surface to 340 ft; 2-in perforated casing from 340 to 360 ft. Estimated flow 15 gpm on 8-16-65.
T-1	Dollarhide Hunting Club.	Causey Drilling Co. D	D	210	4	Km	101	+	12.0	6-23-65	N	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; none below. Flow 3 gpm on 6-23-65. See sample log.
T-2	.... do . . . . .	.....	D	.....	8	.....	100	Flowing	.....	6-23-65	N	S	Flow 50 gpm on 6-23-65.
U-1	State Highway Dept. . . . .	.....	D	.....	6,4	.....	105	+	1.0	7-14-65	N	N	Estimated flow 3 gpm on 7-14-65.
U-2	S. D. Bayers . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	357	4.2	Km	110	+	9	9- 6-55	N	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 80 ft; 2-in from 80 to 315 ft; 2-in perforated from 315 to 357 ft. Flow: reported 20 gpm on 9-6-55; 2.5 gpm with 2.5 ft of drawdown on 7-14-65. See driller's log.
U-3	S. B. Bayers . . . . .	Causey Drilling Co. D	D	517.0	4.2	Km	165	63	6- 2-55	J	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 135 ft; 2-in from surface to 379 ft; 2-in perforated from 379 to 400 ft. See sample log. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.	
U-4	R. E. Lunceford . . . . .	.... do . . . . .	D	400	4.2	Km	167	.....	.....	J	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 93 ft; 2-in from 93 to 370 ft; 2-in perforated from 370 to 400 ft. See sample log. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.	
U-5	William Lee . . . . .	.....	D	110	4	Ke	155	40	10-25-50	J	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 70 ft; none below. See driller's log.	
U-6	.... do . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	200	4	Km	145	.....	.....	J	S		
U-7	Dr. J. P. Smith . . . . .	Blackbeet Drilling Co.	D	250	4	Km(?)	180	.....	.....	J	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 63 ft; none below. See driller's log.	
U-8	.... do . . . . .	.....	D	.....	3	.....	110	Flowing	.....	7-14-65	N	S	Estimated flow 1 gpm on 7-14-65.

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet) above (+) or below (-) water level	Date of measurement	Method of test	Use of water	Remarks
U-9	John Bishop . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	461	4,2	Ke, Km(?)	135 + 5.0	7-14-65	N	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 21 ft; 2-in from 21 to 400 ft; 2-in perforated from 400 to 442 ft. Flow 2.8 gpm with 2 ft of drawdown on 7-14-65. See driller's log.
U-10	David Brasfield . . . . .	. . . . do. . . . .	D	470	4	Km	140 . . . . .	. . . . .	N	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 4 ft; none below. Flow 15 gpm on 6-2-49. Stopped flowing in 1963.
*U-11	. . . . do. . . . .	. . . . do. . . . .	D	788	5,2	Kg	140 + 7.0	6- 8-65	N	S	Casing: 5-in from surface to 16 ft; 2-in from 74 to 788 ft. Flow 16 gpm with 5.5 ft of drawdown on 6-8-65. See driller's log.
U-12	Kenneth Reed . . . . .	. . . . .	D	570	4	Km	135 Flowing	7-14-65	N	S	Flow 12 gpm on 7-14-65.
U-13	David Brasfield . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co., Causey Drilling Co.	D	127	4	Ke	155 15	1950	J	D	
U-14	Dollardide Hunting Club.	. . . . .	D	370	4	Km	99 + 16.0	9-21-55	N	S	
V-1	-- McLean . . . . .	. . . . .	D	500	4	Km	165	11.9	7-19-65	J	S
V-2	Mt. Olive Church . . . . .	Barnsy Kelley . . . . .	D	200	4	Ke	161 . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	J	P
V-3	-- McLean . . . . .	. . . . .	D	700	. . . . .	Kg	175 . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	C	D,S

V-4	W. B. Baker and Sons.	.....	D	450	4	Km	165	.....	.....	J	D,S	
V-5	S. C. King .....	.....	D	480	4	Km	145	6	9-30-40	J	D,S	
V-6	A. N. Grubbs .....	James Lamb .....	D	300	4	K <sub>e</sub>	143	+	4.5	11-22-40	N	
V-7	do. ....	C. W. Blount .....	D	1,260	4	Kck	145	Flowing	7-15-65	N	S	
*V-8	James Ozement .....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	1,260	4,2	Kck	145	Flowing	7-19-65	N	S	
V-9	A. Shaw .....	do. ....	D	450	4	Km	117	Flowing	7-26-65	C	D,S	
*V-10	Greene County Schools.	C. W. Blount .....	D	580	4	Km	120	+	8.5	7-23-65	J	P
V-11	C. H. Ervin .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	645	4,2	Km	263	130	1964	....	D,S	
V-12	J. F. Cameron .....	do. ....	D	650	4	Km	159	14	1958	J	D	
V-13	Willie Gibson .....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	520	4,2	Km	120	Flowing	7-15-65	N	D,S	
V-14	W. F. Bell .....	.....	D	560	3	Km	120	+	5.8	10-17-40	Cn,J	D,S
V-15	Mrs. Z. C. Merville .....	James Lamb .....	D	500	4	Km	120	Flowing	7-23-65	N	D,S	
V-16	Town of Boligee .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	620	4	Km	122	+	8.5	5-11-65	N	P
V-17	W. D. Johnson, Jr .....	.....	D	600	3	Km	120	Flowing	5-13-65	Cn	D,P	
V-18	Charles F. Willen Co.	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	575	6	Km	160	30	1959	J	S	
V-19	N. C. Hunt .....	.....	D	750	6	Km	240	.....	.....	J	D,S	
W-1	W. D. Johnson, Jr .....	.....	D	.....	2	.....	110	Flowing	5-11-65	N	N	
W-2	Mrs. Mary Thetford .....	.....	D	.....	4	.....	110	Flowing	5-13-65	N	N	
Y-1	W. D. Johnson, Jr .....	.....	D	700	4	Km	220	.....	.....	J	D	
Y-2	S. L. Greene .....	.....	D	550	4	Km	102	10	1964	.....	D,S	

Flow 1.3 gpm with 1.5 ft of drawdown on 11-22-40.  
 Flow 30 gpm on 7-15-65.  
 Casing: 4-in from surface to 21 ft; 2-in from surface to 1,260 ft. Flow 20 gpm on 7-19-65.  
 Flow 42.5 gpm on 7-26-65.  
 Flow 18 gpm with 8.5 ft of drawdown on 7-23-65.  
 Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; 2-in from 300 to 600 ft; 2-in perforated from 600 to 622 ft; 2-in from 622 to 645 ft. See driller's log.  
 Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet) above (+) or below (−) land surface (feet)	Date of measurement	Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks	
Y-3	W. Oliver.....	.....	D .....	4 .....	83 Flowing	5-13-65	N	N	Estimated flow 15 gpm on 5-13-65.		
Z-1	Jimmy Watson.....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D 527	4,2 Km	165 37	1964	J	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 24 ft; 2-in from 233 to 492 ft; 2-in perforated from 492 to 527 ft. See driller's log.		
Z-2	Charles F. Willen Co.	..... do .....	D 700	6 Km	240 .....	.....	.....	J	D,S		
Z-3	Mrs. L. Bouchell .....	.....	D .....	4 .....	120 Flowing	5-13-65	N	D,S	Flow 13.5 gpm on 5-13-65.		
Z-4	Willis.....	R. C. Johnston .....	D 2,602	12,8 Km	120 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Oil test. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.	
Z-5	A. B. Hitt .....	Barney Kelley .....	D 350	4 Km	143 .....	.....	.....	J	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 18 ft.	
Z-6	Mrs. C. Pearson .....	.....	D 550	10 Km	130 .....	.....	.....	Cn	D	Flow: 1.7 gpm on 10-18-40; 1.4 gpm on 6-4-65.	
Z-7	J. J. Bethany .....	.....	D 600	.. Km	100 .....	.....	.....	N	S	Flow: 7 gpm on 6-4-65.	
Z-8	Harold Smart.....	.....	D 1,030	6 Kg	132 Flowing	6- 4-65	N	S	Flow: Estimated 30 gpm on 7-5-54; 8 gpm on 5-27-65. See driller's log.		
Billy Lavender.....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	.....	D 644	5 Km	110 + 20	7- 5-54	N	N			
*Z-9	.....	.....	D .....	4 .....	232 .....	.....	.....	C	P		
Z-10	Zion Church .....	.....	D .....	4 .....	25 .....	11- -56	J	D,S			
Z-11	Jonas Smothers .....	E. B. Norwood .....	D 698	4 Km	165 .....	1964	N	N			
Z-12	Mrs. W. D. Simms .....	.....	D 700	1% Km	142 3	+ 22.9	9-20-55	N	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 4 ft; none below. Flow: 21.4	
AA-1	Dollarhide Hunting Club.	.....	D 250	4 Km	93 + 20.4	6-23-65					

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AA-2	...do.	.....	D	163.1	4	K <sub>e</sub>	97	+ 21.7	9-20-55	N	D	J	D				
AA-3	...do.	.....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	400	4	Km	128	.....	9-20-55	N	N	N	N	Well abandoned in 1961.		
A-4	...do.	.....		D	430	4	Km	131	+ 1.6	9-20-55	N	N	N	N	Well destroyed in 1961.		
AA-5	...do.	.....		D	440	4	Km	132	+ 1.0	9-20-55	N	N	N	N	Flow 0.5 gpm on 9-22-55.		
AA-6	Bradley Brown	.....		D	450	4	Km	138	+ 1.0	9-22-55	N	N	S	S	Oil test converted to water well. See sample log.		
AA-7	F. J. Inge	.....	Smith Drilling Co.	D	880	...	...	185	.....	.....	J	J	J	J	Casing: 4-in from surface to 30 ft; none below.		
*AA-8	Albert Gray	.....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	290	4	K <sub>e</sub>	150	30	1957	J	D	S	S	Casing: 3-in from surface to 685 ft; 3-in perforated from 685 to 706 ft. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.		
AA-9	...do.	.....		D	706	3	K <sub>e</sub>	150	15.7	2-16-55	J	S	S	S	Casing: 5-in from surface to 42 ft; none below. Flow reported 200 gpm on 11-15-50; 100 gpm on 9-21-55. See driller's log.		
AA-10	Dollarhide Hunting Club.	.....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	440	5	Km	90	Flowing	9-21-55	N	S	S	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; none below. Reported flow 30 gpm on 11-19-50. See driller's log.		
AA-11	...do.	.....		D	340	4	Km	93	Flowing	11-19-50	N	S	S	S	Flow 20 gpm on 9-21-55. Estimated flow less than 1 gpm on 6-23-65.		
AA-12	...do.	.....		D	191.0	5	K <sub>e</sub>	89	Flowing	9-21-55	N	N	N	N	Do.		
AA-13	Albert Gray	.....		D	400	3	Km	103	Flowing	6-23-65	N	S	S	S	Estimated flow 1 gpm on 6-23-65.		
AA-14	...do.	.....		D	400	3	Km	120	Flowing	6-23-65	N	S	S	S	Estimated flow 15 gpm on 6-23-65.		
AA-15	...do.	.....		D	410	4	Km	120	Flowing	6-23-65	N	S	S	S			
AA-16	...do.	.....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	420	4	Km	104	Flowing	6-23-65	N	N	N	N			
AA-17	Watson Jones	.....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	608	4	Km	265	130	11-22-40	N	N	N	N			
AA-18	W. P. Breen	.....		D	...	4	...	125	Flowing	6- 8-65	J	D, S	Flow 1.8 gpm on 6-8-65.				

## 46 GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF GREENE COUNTY

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet) above (+) or below (−) sea level	Date of measurement	Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks			
											Flowing	9- 8-64	N	
AA-19	Van Ethridge	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	4	105	Flowing	9- 8-64	N	N	Flow 0.5 gpm on 9-8-64.				
AA-20	Van Ethridge	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	4	103	+ 16.0	9- 8-64	N	S	Flow 8 gpm with 13 ft of drawdown on 9-8-64.				
AA-21	Watson Jones	West Alabama Lime Co.	D	800	6	Km	265	.....	.....	S	D			
AA-22	L. K. Paul	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	490	4.2	Ke	243	125	10- 2-52	C	S	Casing; 4-in from surface to 42 ft; 2-in from 395 to 500 ft. See driller's log.		
AA-23	Andrew Parker	do.	D	570	4.2	Km	120	.....	.....	J	D,S	Casing; 4-in from surface to 112 ft; 2-in from 308 to 570 ft. See driller's log.		
AA-24	V. Jennings	do.	D	3	.....	.....	110	Flowing	5-10-65	N	S	Flow: 0.7 gpm on 10-19-40; estimated less than 1 gpm on 5-10-65.		
AA-25	H. S. Nelson	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	800	4.2	Km	250	.....	.....	J	D,S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 174 ft; 2-in from 390 to 790 ft. See driller's log.		
AA-26	Joe Simpson	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	790	4.2	Km	245	116.5	6- 4-65	N	N	Flow regulated by float in stock tank.		
AA-27	J. E. Trimble	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	690	6.2	Km	107	+ 21.5	5-14-65	N	S	Casing: 4-in from surface to 174 ft; 2-in from 390 to 790 ft. See driller's log.		
AA-28	Sterling Parker	do.	D	800	4	Km	230	125	.....	C	D,S	Flow 4 gpm on 9-8-64.		
AA-29	W. J. Townsend	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	400	4	Ke	110	Flowing	9- 8-64	J	D,S	Flow 9 gpm with 11 ft of drawdown on 9-8-64.		
AA-30	Sterling Parker	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	600	1	Km	107	+ 15.0	9- 8-64	N	S	Estimated flow less than 1 gpm on 9-8-64.		
AA-31	Van Ethridge	do.	D	.....	1	.....	111	Flowing	9- 8-64	J	D,S			

AA-32	....do.....	West Alabama Lime Co.	D 280	3 Km	108 Flowing	9- 8-64	N	S
BB-1	Causter Bros.....		D 4,2	95 Flowing	.....	.....	.....	.....
BB-2	Mrs. Alice Caldwell.		D 2	103 + 9.0	9- 8-64	.....	D,S	.....
BB-3	....do.....	D 330	3 Km	102 Flowing	9- 8-64	N	D,S	Flow 20 gpm with 6 ft of drawdown on 9-8-64.
BB-4	Abraham Wallace Estate.	D 3	102 Flowing	9- 8-64	N	D,S	Estimated flow 2 gpm on 9-8-64.	.....
BB-5	Van Ethridge.....	D 1½	111 Flowing	9- 8-64	C	D,S	Flow 4 gpm on 9-8-64.	.....
BB-6	O. T. Powers .....	D 500	4,2 Km	106 Flowing	8-31-64	J	D,S	Estimated flow 1 gpm on 9-8-64.
BB-7	Altman Estate.....	D 6	112 Flowing	8-31-64	N	D,S	.....	.....
BB-8	....do.....	D 6	109 Flowing	8-31-64	N	D,S	Flow: reported 10 gpm on 9-3-57; estimated 2 gpm on 8-31-64. See driller's log.	.....
BB-9	....do.....	D 6	108 Flowing	8-31-64	N	D,S	Flow 13 gpm on 8-31-64.	.....
BB-10	....do.....	D 3	99 Flowing	8-31-64	N	D,S	Flow 25 gpm on 8-31-64. Estimated flow 25 gpm on 8-31-64.	.....
CC-1	Alco Land and Timber Co.	D 3	100 + 6.0	8-31-64	N	N	Flow 1.2 gpm with 3 ft of drawdown on 8-31-64.	.....
CC-2	Henry Harrison .....	D 900	... Kg	110 + 21.0	8-31-64	N	S	Flow 5 gpm with 19 ft of drawdown on 8-31-64.
CC-3	A. R. Taylor .....	D 5	100 Flowing	8-31-64	Cn	D	Flow 2 gpm on 8-31-64.	.....
CC-4	....do.....	D 700	4 Km	145 19.5	8-31-64	J	D,S	.....
CC-5	Sid Burton.....	D 570	4,2 Km	110 Flowing	7-23-64	J	D	Casing: 4-in from surface to 45 ft; 2-in from 370 to 507 ft; 2-in perforated from 507 to 570 ft. Flow: reported 20 gpm on 11-21-57; estimated 8 gpm on 7-23-64. See driller's log.
CC-6	E. G. Maxie .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D 550	4 Km	102 + 23.8	3-25-54	C	D,S
CC-7	....do.....	D 500	4 Km	98 + 10	3-25-54	J	D,S	Flow: estimated 25 gpm on 3-25-54, 8 gpm on 7-22-64.

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land above (or below) surface (feet)	Date of measurement	Use of water	Method of lift	Remarks
CC-8	Alabama Power Co.	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	710.6	6.4	Km	102 + 22.8	3-27-63	Cn	I	Casing: 6-in from surface to 33 ft; 4-in from 270 to 646 ft; 4-in perforated from 646 to 710 ft. Flow: 195 gpm on 2-17-63; 175 gpm with 20.8 ft of drawdown on 3-27-63.
CC-9	....do.....	....do.....	D	680	4	Km	97 + 27.6	3-30-54	N	S	Flow: 30 gpm on 3-30-54; 19 gpm on 7-22-64.
CC-10	Cole Plantation .....	....do.....	D	....	....	....	90 + 13.0	3-30-54	N	D,S	Flow: 4 gpm on 3-30-54; 2.8 gpm on 8-10-64.
DD-1	J. B. Burge .....	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	510	4.2	Km	150	26	3-29-64	J	Casing: 4-in from surface to 63 ft; 2-in from 279 to 510 ft. See driller's log.
DD-2	J. T. Tate .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	560	4.3	Km	135	10	1950	J	D
DD-3	Bud Legear .....	....do.....	D	700	4.2	Km	155	7	8- 1-46	J	D,S
DD-4	J. T. Tate .....	....do.....	D	567	4.3	Km	110	+ 20.2	5-14-65	N	S
DD-5	Armistead Selden .....	....do.....	D	680	4	Km	104	Flowing	5-14-65	N	Flow 7 gpm on 5-14-65.
DD-6	J. T. Tate .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	560	4.3	Km	142	19	1950	J	S
DD-7	Jerry Campbell .....	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	450	6.2	Km	140	25	2- 6-63	J	D,S
							35	35	5-10-65		Casing: 6-in from surface to 28 ft; 2-in from 240 to 450 ft. See driller's log.

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DD-8	do.	Dv	21	1½ 4.2	Qt Km	140 142	15 15.2	5-10-65 8-26-64	J	D
DD-9	Greene County Schools.	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	695					P	Casing: 4-in from surface to 202 ft; 2-in from 202 to 586 ft; 2-in perforated from 586 to 670 ft; 2-in from 670 to 680 ft. See driller's log.
DD-10	T. A. Walter . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	750	6	Km	143	.....	J	D
DD-11	Jim Bird . . . . .	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	1,010	4,2	Kg	138	Flowing	8-26-64	N
DD-12	W. H. Dixon . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	930	4,2	Kg	135	Flowing	7-23-64	J
DD-13	G. F. Putman . . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	560	4,2	Km	141	17	1963	J
DD-14	Jim Bird . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	500	4	Km	90	+ 20	3-31-54	N
DD-15	do. . . . .	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	700	5½	Km	130	+ 7.0	3-31-54	Cn
DD-16	Andrew Wright . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	565	4,	Km	100	+ 60	1944	C
DD-17	Centralia Farmers Co-op.	do. . . . .	D	500	6,4	Km	103	Flowing	7-23-64	Cn
*DD-18	do. . . . .	do. . . . .	D	740	6,4	Km	87	Flowing	5-10-65	Cn
DD-19	-- Green . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	600	5	Km	102	+ 12.4	3-31-54	C
DD-20	Sam Nielson . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	546.0	4	Km	102	+ 19.2	10-19-40	N
								+ 14.0	3-31-54	D,S
DD-21	J. V. Singleton . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	560	5	Km	90	Flowing	7-23-64	J
DD-22	Kato Logan . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	567	4	Km	95	Flowing	7-23-64	C
DD-23	Cole Plantation . . . . .	do. . . . .	D	550	2	Km	89	+ 10	3-31-54	N

Table 1.—Records of selected wells in Greene County—Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Type	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Water-bearing unit	Altitude of land surface (feet)	Above (+) or below (−) land surface (feet)	Date of measurement	Use of water	Remarks
EE-1	S. B. Mason .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	800	4	Km	100	Flowing	5-11-65	N	Casing: 4-in from surface to 50 ft; none below.
EE-2	W. D. Johnson, Jr. ....	.....	D	700	6	Km	143	24.4	5-13-65	J	D,S
EE-3	S. B. Mason .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	800	6	Km	120	.....	.....	N	Casing: 6-in from surface to 50 ft; none below.
EE-4	..... do. ....	.....	D	980	...	Kg	120	.....	.....	J	Casing: 4-in from surface to 50 ft; none below.
EE-5	..... do. ....	.....	D	1,300	2	Kg Kck(?)	120	Flowing	5-11-65	N	Casing: 2-in from surface to 50 ft; none below. Flow 19.5 gpm on 5-11-65.
EE-6	Greene County Schools.	.....	D	400	5	Ke(?)	105	+ 8.5	5-13-65	N	Flow 12 gpm with 5.5 ft of drawdown on 5-13-65.
FF-1	Nabb Drennen .....	Ace Drilling Co. ....	D	889.0	6	Km	100	Flowing	5-11-65	N	Casing: 6-in from surface to 22 ft; none below. Reported flow 11 gpm on 9-17-57. See driller's log. Electric log in files of U.S. Geol. Survey.
FF-2	..... do. ....	Causey Drilling Co.	D	900	4	Km	87	Flowing	5-11-65	N	Flow: estimated 20 gpm on 5-11-65.
FF-3	J. J. Bethany .....	.....	D	830	4	Km	110	Flowing	5-20-53	N	5-11-65.
FF-4	Nabb Drennen .....	F. C. Null Drilling Co.	D	825	4	Km	118	.....	.....	J	No flow on 5-11-65.
GG-1	Miller, Webb, and Clinkscale	Blackbelt Drilling Co.	D	840	4.2	Km	80	+ 36	7-23-65	N	Casing: 4-in from surface to 40 ft; 2-in from 336 to 756 ft; 2-in perforated from 756

GG-2	St. Louis-San Fran-	F. C. Null Drilling	D	525	4	Ke	8.2	+ 18	3-30-54	N	N	
HH-1	sisco Railway.	Co.	D	850	3	Km	8.2	Flowing	8-26-64	N	D	
HH-2	Douglas Kallum . . .	do.....	D	600	5	Ke	8.2	+ 24.0	8-26-64	J	D	
HH-3	J. P. McLemore . . .	do.....	D	700	4.2	Km	7.8	+ 32.2	3-25-54	N	S	
	Taylor & Bryant. . .	F. C. Null Drilling										
	Co.											

to 840 ft. Flow 60 gpm on  
7-23-65. See driller's log.  
Estimated flow less than  
1 gpm on 7-22-65.

Flow 60 gpm on 8-26-64.

Well shut in, no flow.  
Flow 40 gpm with 29 ft of  
drawdown on 3-25-54.

## 52 GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF GREENE COUNTY

Table 2.—Partial chemical analyses of water from wells in Greene County

Results in parts per million except pH.

Well: Numbers correspond to those on plates 1 and 2 and tables 1, 3, and 4.

Asterisk indicates comprehensive chemical analysis available in table 3.

Depth of well: Reported depths are given in feet; measured depths are given in feet and tenths.

Water-bearing unit: Kck, Coker Formation; Kg, Gordo Formation; Km, McShan Formation; Ke, Eutaw Formation; Qt, terrace deposits; Qal, alluvium.

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Temper-ature (°F)	Iron (Fe)	Bicar-bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Carbo-nate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Chlo-ride (Cl)	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH
									Cal-cium, mag-ne-sium	Non-car-bo-nate	
A-1	8-10-65	600	Kg, Kck	....	8.3	49	0	4.0	31	0	6.6
A-2	8-10-65	280	Kg	....	1.7	11	0	4.0	9	0	6.8
*D-1	8-10-65	253	Km	65	.05	134	0	15	18	0	7.6
D-2	8- 4-65	250	Km	67	.07	135	0	8.0	10	0	7.7
D-3	8- 4-65	280	Km	66	.04	118	0	8.6	22	0	7.7
D-4	7-30-65	450	Km	....	.09	147	0	17	16	0	7.6
E-1	8-10-65	340	Kg	....	.27	8	0	6.2	22	15	6.7
E-2	10- 3-40	460	Kg	65	....	130	0	5.0	39	0	...
E-2	8-16-65	460	Kg	65	.36	131	0	6.0	55	0	7.5
E-3	8-10-65	280	Km	66	.11	140	0	9.2	35	0	7.5
F-2	8-16-65	700	Kck	....	24	40	0	5.0	34	1	6.5
F-3	5-14-57	268	Km	....	9.0	....	0	11	14	0	6.4
F-3	8-10-65	268	Km	....	4.0	18	0	6.0	24	10	6.3
G-1	12-10-40	497	Kck	68	....	96	0	2.0	60	0	...
G-1	8-16-65	497	Kck	67	.35	97	0	4.8	68	0	8.0
H-1	2-23-54	420	Kck	67	3.5	....	0	8.6	68	0	7.4
H-1	9- 5-56	420	Kck	68	.30	....	0	24	70	0	7.1
H-1	8-10-65	420	Kck	67	1.5	96	0	41	95	16	7.4
H-2	8-10-65	420	Kck	67	.26	108	0	10	80	0	7.4
I-1	8-10-65	300	Kck	64	.42	104	0	142	160	75	7.3
J-1	8-10-65	400	Kck	67	.15	102	0	5.8	68	0	7.2
J-2	8-10-65	220	Kg	....	3.5	83	0	5.6	62	0	7.0
J-3	8-10-65	570	Kck	67	.17	113	0	165	175	83	7.7
J-4	8- 5-65	560	Kck	67	1.5	94	0	6.8	64	0	7.4
J-6	8-16-65	73	Km	....	11	76	0	3.8	62	0	7.0
J-7	8- 5-65	200	Kg	65	.27	114	0	39	62	0	7.5
K-1	8- 4-65	36	Ke	....	.05	10	0	10	35	27	6.3
K-4	8- 4-65	370	Kg	....	4.9	116	0	5.6	98	3	6.5
K-6	8- 5-65	22	Qal	....	.36	10	0	6.6	18	10	6.4
K-7	8-16-65	350	Kg	....	7.3	79	0	7.4	70	5	6.3
L-3	8- 4-65	420	Km	....	.03	223	0	51	294	111	7.3
L-4	8- 4-65	450	Kg	....	1.2	88	0	9.4	78	6	6.9
L-5	9- .65	360	Km	....	....	90	0	4.0	64	0	6.6
L-5	7-19-65	360	Km	....	.73	140	0	5.6	98	0	7.6
M-2	7-30-65	500	Km	....	2.7	218	0	6.8	179	0	7.6
M-3	8- 4-65	448	Km	....	.05	102	0	12	20	0	7.1
M-8	7-30-65	200	Km	....	.21	30	0	4.4	31	6	6.1
M-9	7-30-65	500	Km	....	4.4	93	0	5.6	75	0	7.3
M-10	7-29-65	375	Km	....	.07	150	0	31	15	0	7.5
M-13	8- 4-65	410	Km	68	.06	230	0	320	28	0	8.2
M-14	7-26-65	400	Km	71	.15	144	0	140	38	0	8.2
M-15	8- 4-65	723	Kg	71	.11	153	0	160	22	0	7.8
M-16	7-29-65	435	Km	....	.03	237	0	240	32	0	7.6
M-17	7-23-65	300	Km	....	.01	219	12	11	15	0	8.6
N-1	7-30-65	....	....	67	.05	167	0	31	9	0	8.0
P-1	7-23-65	500	Km	....	.13	243	0	98	30	0	7.5
P-2	7-23-65	350	Km	....	.04	284	16	43	15	0	8.6
P-4	7-19-65	777	Kg	71	.10	148	0	160	30	0	7.7
P-5	11-29-40	500	Km	68	1.1	224	0	241	14	0	...
P-6	7-19-65	520	Km	69	.14	228	8	260	18	0	8.3

Table 2.—*Partial chemical analyses of water from wells in Greene County—Continued*

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Temperature (°F)	Iron (Fe)	Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Chloride (Cl)	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH
									Calcium-magnesium	Non-carbonate	
P-7	7-19-65	747	Kg	71	0.15	146	0	140	28	0	7.7
P-8	7-23-65	280	Ke	....	.19	340	27	640	72	0	8.7
P-9	7-19-65	580	Km	....	.12	290	0	320	35	0	8.2
P-10	7-19-65	460	Km	68	.03	298	0	360	18	0	8.2
P-11	7-19-65	....	....	67	.12	354	0	880	85	0	7.9
P-12	7-19-65	....	....	73	.05	298	0	380	22	0	8.1
Q-1	7-29-65	300	Km	....	4.9	71	0	7.4	68	10	7.4
*Q-2	7-29-65	960	Kck	74	.16	96	0	6.4	71	0	7.5
Q-4	7-29-65	150	Km	....	.12	148	0	32	22	0	7.8
Q-5	7-29-65	500	Kg	....	.24	188	0	110	40	0	8.1
Q-6	7-29-65	550	Kg	....	2.2	202	0	100	68	0	8.0
*Q-7	7-23-65	240	Ke	....	.09	312	0	370	39	0	7.5
Q-8	7-29-65	250	Km	....	.07	286	0	330	38	0	8.2
R-1	8- 5-65	300	Km	....	.19	148	0	7.6	110	0	7.6
*R-4	8- 5-65	466	Kg	70	.47	109	0	21	38	0	7.5
R-5	11-13-56	600	Kg, Kck	....	.10	....	....	32	46	....	6.3
R-5	7-15-65	600	Kg, Kck	70	.07	114	0	45	52	0	7.9
R-6	8- 5-65	....	....	65	4.1	162	0	8.4	52	0	8.1
R-8	7-14-65	600	Kg, Kck	....	.11	122	6	60	10	0	8.4
R-9	4-12-54	170	Km	68	.35	....	....	297	32	....	7.5
R-9	7-14-65	170	Km	....	.07	272	0	280	28	0	8.2
R-10	8- 5-65	524	Kg	70	.05	138	0	50	14	0	7.6
*R-12	6-24-65	441	Km	....	.08	200	8	220	22	0	8.5
*R-13	12- 3-49	306	Km	....	.20	....	....	424	33	....	....
*R-14	12- 3-49	389	Km	....	.25	....	....	219	23	....	....
R-14	12-14-49	1545	Kg	....	1.0	285	....	341	24	....	8.0
*R-14	6-24-65	389	Km	....	.36	222	6	220	20	0	8.3
R-15	7-15-65	750	Kg	72	.52	314	0	940	128	0	8.1
R-16	8- 5-65	100	Km	68	1.8	182	0	2,550	435	286	7.8
S-1	8-16-65	360	Kg	68	.05	113	0	56	62	0	7.1
T-1	9-21-55	210	Km	66	.10	....	....	146	28	....	7.0
T-1	6-23-65	210	Km	....	.03	352	0	220	20	0	8.2
T-2	6-23-65	....	....	67	.02	336	0	100	12	0	7.8
U-1	7-14-65	....	....	....	.46	192	0	2,200	360	202	8.0
U-2	7-14-65	357	Km	69	.59	214	0	2,560	405	229	7.4
U-3	10-21-55	517.0	Km	....	1.0	....	....	1,090	....	....	....
U-3	7-14-65	517.0	Km	....	.94	254	0	1,040	160	0	7.6
U-4	4-14-54	400	Km	69	.10	....	....	1,110	116	....	7.7
U-4	6- 8-65	400	Km	....	.50	368	0	1,080	96	0	7.8
U-5	7-15-65	110	Ke	....	.09	180	0	25	40	0	7.8
U-6	7-15-65	200	Km	....	.38	306	0	1,620	198	0	7.9
U-7	7-14-65	250	Km(?)	....	3.3	254	0	12	255	47	6.9
U-8	7-14-65	....	....	....	.09	318	0	1,640	178	0	7.4
U-9	7-14-65	461	Ke, Km(?)	67	.35	196	0	12	80	0	7.8
U-10	6- 3-49	470	Km	....	.60	....	....	1,900	210	....	7.0
*U-11	6- 8-65	788	Kg	73	.71	208	0	2,000	300	129	7.6
U-12	7-14-65	570	Km	73	.65	244	0	2,120	288	88	8.0
U-13	6- 8-65	127	Ke	....	.09	288	0	180	55	0	8.1
U-14	11-27-50	370	Km	....	.20	....	....	698	65	....	....
U-14	9-26-55	370	Km	66	.10	....	....	498	54	....	7.2
U-14	6-23-65	370	Km	66	.07	288	12	560	48	0	8.5
V-1	7-19-65	500	Km	....	.36	330	6	380	60	0	8.3
V-3	7-29-65	700	Kg	....	.33	308	0	260	30	0	7.9
V-4	7-15-65	450	Km	....	.19	386	0	660	68	0	7.7
V-5	7-29-65	480	Km	....	.07	12	0	440	32	22	7.0

Table 2.—Partial chemical analyses of water from wells  
in Greene County—Continued

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Temper-ature (° F)	Iron (Fe)	Bicar-bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Car-bon-ate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Chloride (Cl)	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH	
									Cal-cium, mag-ne-sium	Non-car-bon-ate		
V-6	10- 4-40	300	Ke	68	...	144	0	682	...	...	...	
V-7	7-15-65	1,260	Kck	78	0.04	144	0	25	15	0	8.1	
*V-8	7-19-65	1,260	Kck	78	.03	144	0	40	12	0	8.2	
V-9	7-26-65	450	Km	69	.05	374	0	420	31	0	7.5	
*V-10	7-23-65	580	Km	70	.05	380	0	470	35	0	7.5	
V-11	3-12-65	645	Km	...	.06	369	6	580	81	0	8.3	
V-12	7-15-65	650	Km	...	.13	400	0	640	38	0	7.9	
V-13	7-15-65	520	Km	70	.07	390	12	580	35	0	8.3	
V-14	12-31-40	560	Km	...	...	408	...	822	54	0	...	
V-15	7-23-65	500	Km	69	.08	382	22	600	40	0	8.5	
V-16	5-11-65	620	Km	71	.12	377	20	610	42	0	8.6	
V-17	5-13-65	600	Km	70	.10	424	0	600	45	0	8.0	
V-19	6- 4-65	750	Km	...	.45	270	0	930	100	0	7.9	
Y-1	7-23-65	700	Km	...	.09	406	0	840	68	0	8.2	
Y-2	5-13-65	550	Km	...	.92	270	0	1,550	138	0	7.8	
Y-3	5-13-65	...	...	...	.08	440	0	750	35	0	7.9	
Z-1	7-15-65	527	Km	...	.18	358	0	1,240	110	0	8.2	
Z-2	6- 4-65	700	Km	...	.13	432	0	700	60	0	8.0	
Z-3	5-13-65	...	...	70	.09	436	0	830	55	0	8.0	
Z-5	5-13-65	350	Ke	...	.38	251	0	1,820	220	15	7.8	
Z-6	5-13-65	550	Km	...	.44	329	0	1,280	122	0	8.0	
Z-7	12- 8-40	600	Km	68	...	219	...	2,280	188	8	...	
Z-7	6- 4-65	600	Km	69	.50	216	0	2,260	290	113	7.5	
Z-8	6- 4-65	1,030	Kg	75	1.8	221	0	2,490	382	201	7.5	
*Z-9	5-27-65	644	Km	73	.12	392	0	1,180	78	0	7.6	
Z-10	5-13-65	...	...	...	.38	244	0	1,600	250	50	7.5	
Z-11	6- 4-65	698	Km	...	.30	356	0	1,400	130	0	8.1	
AA-1	6- 3-49	250	Km	...	.20	...	...	75	30	...	7.0	
AA-1	9-26-55	250	Km	66	.10	...	...	71	18	...	7.6	
AA-1	6-23-65	250	Km	66	.04	346	16	80	8	0	8.6	
AA-2	6- 3-49	163.1	Ke	...	.80	...	...	86	25	...	7.0	
AA-2	9-26-55	163.1	Ke	66	.10	...	...	50	20	...	...	
AA-2	6-23-65	163.1	Ke	66	.01	408	30	80	12	0	8.8	
AA-3	6-23-65	400	Km	...	.34	312	0	1,220	120	0	7.7	
AA-4	6- 3-49	430	Km	...	.20	...	...	1,130	140	...	6.0	
AA-4	9-26-55	430	Km	...	.10	...	...	1,480	260	...	6.8	
AA-5	6- 3-49	440	Km	...	.40	...	...	1,560	145	...	7.0	
AA-6	6- 3-49	450	Km	...	.80	...	...	1,880	210	...	7.0	
AA-6	9-22-55	450	Km	70	.20	...	...	1,720	318	...	7.0	
*AA-8	6- 8-65	290	Ke	...	.34	216	0	2,490	365	188	7.4	
AA-9	6- 8-65	706	Kg	...	.73	190	0	3,180	498	342	7.4	
AA-10	12- 5-50	440	Km	...	.00	...	...	52	15	...	...	
AA-10	9-26-55	440	Km	68	.10	...	...	71	32	...	7.0	
AA-11	11-27-50	340	Km	...	...	...	...	178	40	...	7.2	
AA-12	9-26-55	191.0	Ke	68	.10	...	...	118	38	...	7.2	
AA-13	6-23-65	400	Km	68	.04	468	31	340	18	0	8.8	
AA-14	6-23-65	400	Km	67	.45	252	0	2,320	230	24	7.7	
AA-15	6-23-65	410	Km	67	.07	510	24	600	50	0	8.6	
AA-16	6-23-65	420	Km	67	.14	404	20	820	70	0	8.4	
AA-17	11-22-40	608	Km	...	...	300	...	2,300	201	0	...	
AA-17	3- 1-55	608	Km	...	.10	...	...	2,240	232	...	7.3	
AA-18	6- 8-65	...	...	...	.68	.19	468	0	1,080	100	0	8.0
AA-19	9- 8-64	...	...	70	.01	385	31	18	15	0	8.9	
AA-20	9- 8-64	...	...	70	.02	336	35	26	20	0	9.0	
AA-21	6- 4-65	800	Km	...	.48	236	0	1,720	288	94	7.4	
AA-22	5-14-65	490	Ke	...	1.6	166	0	3,530	482	346	7.7	
AA-23	5-14-65	570	Km	...	.45	606	0	660	61	0	7.8	
AA-24	10-19-40	...	...	66	...	175	...	3,380	390	...	...	
AA-24	5-10-65	...	...	67	.36	172	0	3,320	492	353	7.6	
AA-25	5-14-65	800	Km	...	.06	490	0	540	41	0	8.2	

Table 2.—Partial chemical analyses of water from wells  
in Greene County—Continued

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Temper-ature (° F)	Iron (Fe)	Bicar-bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Car-bon-ate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Chlo-ride (Cl)	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH
									Cal-cium, mag-ne-sium	Non-car-bon-ate	
AA-27	5-14-65	690	Km	....	0.76	298	0	2,380	275	31	7.7
AA-28	9- 8-64	800	Km	....	.02	551	5	66	14	0	8.3
AA-29	9- 8-64	400	Ke	70	.02	463	26	42	25	0	8.7
AA-30	9- 8-64	600	Km	71	.02	412	22	84	15	0	8.6
AA-32	9- 8-64	.....	.....	71	.12	252	8	504	42	0	8.3
BB-2	9- 8-64	.....	.....	69	.03	228	33	32	25	0	9.1
BB-3	9- 8-64	330	Km	69	.02	380	39	16	19	0	8.9
BB-4	9- 8-64	.....	.....	68	.03	.....	.....	16	20	0	8.8
BB-5	9- 8-64	.....	.....	68	.02	352	31	18	28	0	9.0
BB-6	8-31-64	500	Km	71	.04	266	31	18	20	0	9.0
BB-7	8-31-64	.....	.....	70	.03	216	18	20	20	0	8.7
BB-8	8-31-64	.....	.....	70	.04	208	16	38	18	0	8.7
BB-9	8-31-64	.....	.....	70	.02	208	14	13	11	0	8.8
BB-10	8-31-64	.....	.....	.....	.02	206	12	9.0	10	0	8.7
CC-1	8-31-64	.....	.....	67	.03	404	57	8.0	25	0	9.0
CC-2	8-31-64	900	Kg	73	.08	176	12	146	32	0	8.8
CC-3	8-31-64	.....	.....	68	.05	516	16	26	22	0	8.5
CC-4	8-31-64	700	Km	.....	.11	270	18	32	8	0	8.8
CC-5	7-23-64	570	Km	70	.01	282	33	6.0	22	0	9.0
CC-6	3-25-54	550	Km	71	.10	.....	.....	0	14	0	8.1
CC-6	7-22-64	550	Km	71	.04	232	55	9.0	25	0	9.3
CC-7	3-25-54	500	Km	68	.10	.....	.....	5.2	18	0	7.5
CC-7	7-22-64	500	Km	71	.03	424	63	14	15	0	9.2
CC-8	7-22-64	710.6	Km	72	.09	174	16	5.0	12	0	9.0
CC-9	7-22-64	600	Km	70	.00	276	100	8.0	18	0	9.6
CC-10	3-30-54	.....	.....	70	.10	.....	.....	74	18	0	8.0
DD-1	5-14-65	510	Km	.....	.11	606	16	90	20	0	8.4
DD-2	5-14-65	560	Km	.....	.17	584	14	120	29	0	8.4
DD-3	5-10-65	700	Km	.....	.19	334	0	1,130	126	0	7.6
DD-4	5-14-65	567	Km	.....	.11	492	6	490	34	0	8.3
DD-5	5-14-65	600	Km	70	.09	600	16	600	48	0	8.4
DD-6	5-14-65	560	Km	.....	.08	656	0	160	22	0	8.2
DD-7	5-10-65	450	Ke	.....	.12	410	0	1,020	102	0	7.9
DD-8	5-10-65	21	Qt	.....	.49	74	0	478	60	0	6.7
DD-9	9- 6-63	695	Km	.....	.11	275	0	1,220	118	0	8.0
DD-9	8-26-64	695	Km	.....	.41	276	0	1,350	140	0	8.1
DD-10	8-26-64	750	Km	.....	.03	450	26	40	20	0	8.6
DD-11	8-26-64	1,010	Kg	70	.45	209	0	810	128	0	8.2
DD-12	7-23-64	930	Kg	75	.11	187	14	507	50	0	8.6
DD-13	7-23-64	560	Km	.....	.08	502	14	14	20	0	8.4
DD-14	3-31-54	500	Km	72	.10	.....	.....	108	20	0	8.0
DD-14	8-26-64	500	Km	72	.02	324	47	145	30	0	9.1
DD-15	3-31-54	700	Km	72	.10	.....	.....	94	10	0	7.1
DD-15	3-10-59	700	Km	.....	.30	.....	.....	53	10	0	7.0
DD-15	8-26-64	700	Km	72	.03	262	18	127	18	0	8.8
DD-16	3-30-54	565	Km	70	.....	.....	.....	8.6	8	0	7.9
DD-16	7-23-64	565	Km	70	.03	396	61	22	18	0	9.1
DD-17	7-23-64	500	Km	69	.03	544	31	35	26	0	8.7
*DD-18	5-10-65	740	Km	72	.04	300	0	80	8	0	8.2
DD-19	3-31-54	600	Km	70	.10	.....	.....	8.6	12	0	8.1
DD-19	7-23-64	600	Km	70	.03	440	63	18	28	0	9.1
DD-20	3-31-54	546.0	Km	70	.30	.....	.....	26	18	0	7.0
DD-20	7-23-64	546.0	Km	70	.04	504	59	34	30	0	9.0
DD-21	7-23-64	560	Km	70	.03	440	71	50	28	0	9.1
DD-22	3-31-54	567	Km	70	.20	.....	.....	12	10	0	8.0
DD-22	7-23-64	567	Km	70	.02	482	59	25	24	0	9.0
DD-23	3-31-54	550	Km	69	.10	.....	.....	60	18	0	8.0
EE-2	5-13-65	700	Km	.....	.55	376	0	1,490	135	0	7.7
EE-4	5-11-65	980	Kg	.....	.46	336	0	1,760	161	0	7.7

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Table 2.—Partial chemical analyses of water from wells  
in Greene County—Continued

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Temper-ature (° F)	Iron (Fe)	Bicar-bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Car-bon-ate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Chlo-ride (Cl <sup>-</sup> )	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		pH
									Cal-cium, mag-ne-sium	Non-car-bo-nate	
EE-5	5-11-65	1,300	Kg, Kck(?)	74	2.6	230	0	3,700	568	379	7.8
EE-6	5-13-65	400	Ke(?)	70	.22	404	0	1,460	95	0	7.9
FF-2	5-20-53	900	Km	72	.10	.....	.....	2,310	178	.....	.....
FF-2	5-11-65	900	Km	72	.32	234	0	2,420	182	0	7.6
FF-3	5-20-53	830	Km	71	.30	.....	.....	2,420	222	.....	.....
FF-4	5-20-53	825	Km	.....	.20	.....	.....	1,700	140	.....	.....
FF-4	6-4-65	825	Km	.....	.71	372	0	1,710	115	0	8.0
GG-1	7-23-65	840	Km	74	.04	355	25	100	15	0	8.8
GG-2	3-30-54	525	Ke	71	.20	.....	.....	74	18	.....	7.9
HH-1	8-26-64	850	Km	74	.04	248	35	40	22	0	9.0
HH-2	8-26-64	600	Ke	68	.17	630	10	35	21	0	8.3
HH-3	3-30-54	700	Km	72	.....	.....	.....	15	12	.....	6.9

<sup>1</sup> Sample collected from test well.

Table 3.—Comprehensive chemical analyses of water from selected wells in Greene County  
(Results in parts per million except sodium-adsorption ratio, specific conductance, and pH.)

Well: Numbers correspond to numbers on plates 1 and 2 and in tables 1 and 2.

Water-bearing unit: Kck, Coker Formation; Kg, Gordo Formation; Km, McShan Formation; Ke, Eutaw Formation.

Well	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Water-bearing unit	Silica ( $\text{SiO}_2$ )	Iron (Fe)	Manganese (Mn)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Potassium (K)	Bicarbonate ( $\text{HCO}_3$ )	Carbo-borate ( $\text{CO}_3$ )	Sulfate ( $\text{SO}_4$ )	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Nitrate ( $\text{NO}_3$ )	Dissolved solids (residue at 180° C)	Hardness as $\text{CaCO}_3$	Cal-cium, Non-magnesium, non-carbonate ions	Sodium-adsorption ratio	Specific conductance (micro-mhos at 25° C)	pH		
D-1	8-16-65	253	Km	13	0.05	0.00	3.6	2.7	48	3.0	132	0	2.2	1.2	0.2	0.0	157	20	0	4.7	370	6.5	
Q-2	8-16-65	960	Kck	12	.15	.04	18	3.7	7.8	4.9	91	0	7.0	1.3	.0	.0	103	60	0	.4	183	7.1	
Q-7	8-16-65	240	Ke	11	.06	...	8.8	2.4	338	4.1	308	0	0	3.60	1.3	.2	897	32	0	26	1,660	7.4	
R-4	8-16-65	466	Kg	11	.33	...	12	2.4	32	4.7	104	0	2.6	1.6	.1	.4	135	40	0	2.2	261	6.9	
R-12	10-16-52	441	Km	6.0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	570	22.0	...	...	...	8.2	
R-13	2-6-41	306	Km	12	.05	...	9.9	2.1	391	7.7	326	6	1.2	* 4.28	2.4	2.9	1,030	33	0	...	...	...	
R-14	3-11-50	389	Km	3	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	574	17.6	...	...	...	8.5	
R-14	5-14-52	389	Km	12	.12	...	5.2	1.4	214	4.5	232	0	1.4	206	1.2	.3	562	19	0	...	...	997	7.6
U-11	8-16-65	788	Kg	11	1.4	.01	87	19	1,240	9.8	204	0	14	2,020	.8	...	3,560	296	129	3.1	6,430	7.3	
V-8	8-20-65	1,260	Kck	11	.06	...	4.9	.7	61	1.9	1,43	0	0	2.23	.2	2	178	15	0	6.8	313	7.6	
V-10	8-16-65	580	Km	9.9	.06	...	8.8	386	423	4.2	386	0	.0	452	2.0	.4	1,110	26	0	36	2,040	7.8	
Z-9	8-20-65	644	Km	11	.08	...	22	5.1	865	6.7	390	0	5.6	1,160	1.1	...	2,300	76	0	43	4,230	7.6	
AA-8	8-20-65	290	Ke	9.8	.32	...	115	17	1,530	14	212	0	23	2,500	1.0	...	4,630	358	184	35	7,880	7.5	
DD-18	8-20-65	740	Km	11	.05	...	1.4	.4	151	1.3	296	0	.4	.68	.7	.2	391	5	0	29	680	7.7	

<sup>1</sup> Analysis from files of Alabama Department of Public Health.  
<sup>2</sup> Calculated.

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County*  
 (Well number corresponds to numbers on plates 1 and 2 and in table 1)

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>A-2</b>		
<b>Sample log</b>		
(Modified from sample description by P. E. LaMoreaux)		
Sand, tan, silty; subangular gravel and rotten chert .....	10	10
Sand, white and yellow, medium, angular; and some fine-grained gravel.....	10	20
Sand, white and yellow, medium; gravel; sandstone fragments; brown clay .....	10	30
Clay, red and gray, sandy .....	10	40
Clay, red and gray, sandy; and some subrounded chert gravel .....	30	70
Clay, brownish-red; and some gravel .....	10	80
Clay, brownish-red, sandy; and some gravel .....	10	90
Sand, white, fine, angular; and some gravel .....	20	110
Sand, white, fine, angular; and some gravel; clay .....	30	140
Clay, grayish-brown, sandy; and some gravel .....	20	160
Sand, white; clay; chert gravel .....	10	170
Sand, white, fine, angular; and some fine-grained gravel .....	10	180
Sand, medium; and some fine-grained gravel.....	10	190
Clay, purple and gray, mottled; sandy clay .....	50	240
Sand, yellow-gray, fine; pink clay.....	40	280
Summary:		
Alluvium.....	0-30	
Upper Cretaceous		
Tuscaloosa Group		
Gordo Formation	30-193	
Coker Formation	193-280	

	E-1	
Driller's log		
Topsoil .....	42	42
Rock .....	80	122
Sand .....	60	182
Gumbo .....	78	260
Sand .....	80	340

	F-1	
Driller's log		
Soil, yellow, silty .....	3	3
Clay, gray .....	6	9
Sand, green-gray, fine .....	9	18
Clay, gray and yellow .....	2	20

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>F-1—Continued</b>		
Clay, blue .....	8.5	28.5
Sand, gray-green, fine; clay layers .....	5	33.5
Shale, light-blue; sand layers .....	2.5	36
Shale, light-blue .....	4	40
Sand, gray-green, fine .....	1	41
Shale, light-blue .....	1.5	42.5
Sand, gray, fine; clay layers .....	8.5	51
Clay, blue .....	1	52
Sand, gray .....	1	53
Clay; sand layers .....	11	64
Sand, green, fine; clay layers .....	4.5	68.5
Clay, blue .....	5	73.5
Clay, blue, green, and brown .....	10	83.5
Clay, blue .....	8.5	92
Clay, light-green .....	12	104
Clay, gray .....	7.5	111.5
Shale, dark-green and gray, hard .....	5	116.5
Clay, red, ocherous .....	2	118.5
Clay, purple, pink, and red .....	63	181.5
Clay, purple and olive, silty, soft .....	4.5	186
Clay, purple and red .....	16.5	202.5
Clay, purple and red; sand layers .....	2.5	205
Sand .....	1.5	206.5
Sand; clay layers .....	3.5	210
Clay, light-gray-green, purple, and red, mottled .....	41	251
Clay, light-green; layers of fine-grained sand .....	2	253
Clay, purple, olive, and red .....	10	263
Sand; clay layers .....	2	265
Sand, fine to coarse .....	6	271
Clay .....	.5	271.5
Sand, yellow, fine to coarse .....	2.5	274
Sand, gray, fine to very coarse .....	18.5	292.5

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
F-3 Driller's log		
Clay, red .....	17	17
Clay, brown to yellow, sandy .....	36	53
Clay, light-brown to dark-gray .....	10	63
Clay, light-green to dark-gray .....	20.5	83.5
Sand, brown, fine; light-brown to yellow clay .....	20.5	104
Sand, yellow-brown, fine; and some blue to buff clay.....	10.5	114.5
Sand, yellow-brown, fine .....	20.5	135
Sand, yellow-brown, fine to medium .....	10	145
Clay, blue .....	1	146
Sand .....	1	147
Clay, blue .....	6.5	153.5
Sand .....	.5	154
Clay, blue; and some carbonaceous material .....	7.5	161.5
Sand, gray, medium .....	2	163.5
Clay, blue .....	15.5	179
Sand .....	1	180
Clay, blue .....	1.5	181.5
Sand, gray, medium to coarse .....	9.5	191
Clay, blue .....	.5	191.5
Sand, gray, medium to very coarse .....	5.5	197
Clay.....	.5	197.5
Sand, gray, medium .....	4	201.5
Clay.....	.5	202
Sand, gray, medium to coarse .....	4.5	206.5
Sand, gray, coarse to very coarse .....	4.5	211
Clay, gray to blue-gray .....	1	212
Sand, gray, coarse to very coarse; granules and small pebbles .....	15	227
Sand, gray, fine to coarse; and some small pebbles .....	7	234
Clay, gray to blue-gray .....	.5	234.5
Sand, gray, fine to coarse; and some small pebbles .....	13	247.5
Sand, gray, fine to coarse .....	12.5	260
Clay, purple, pink, yellow, and gray, mottled .....	8	268

J-5  
Driller's log

Soil, dark .....	10	10
Sand, green, coarse .....	5	15
Sand, white, coarse .....	5	20
Clay, blue .....	30	50
Clay, red .....	55	105
Sand, light-brown .....	10	115

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>J-5—Continued</b>		
Clay, gray and brown; sand layers .....	110	225
Sand .....	85	310
Clay, blue and green; and some 2-3 ft sand layers .....	200	510
Sand .....	30	540
 <b>K-4</b>		
<b>Driller's log</b>		
Sand .....	40	40
Lignite .....	4	44
Sand; clay layers .....	266	310
Rock .....	60	370
 <b>K-5</b>		
<b>Driller's log</b>		
Soil; clay; sand .....	10	10
Sand; clay layers .....	20	30
Clay, blue .....	50	80
Clay, blue; sand layers .....	10	90
Sand; clay layers .....	50	140
Sand .....	20	160
Sand; clay.....	10	170
Sand .....	20	190
 <b>L-5</b>		
<b>Driller's log</b>		
Soil; red clay .....	12	12
Clay, white, blue, and yellow .....	18	30
Clay, blue .....	20	50
Clay, blue, sandy .....	40	90
Clay, blue, sandy; sand layers .....	60	150
Clay, blue .....	60	210
Sand, fine; and some charcoal .....	10	220
Clay, sandy .....	30	250
Clay, blue .....	10	260
Clay, blue; and medium-grained sand .....	10	270
Sand, medium .....	16	286
Clay.....	14	300
Clay; fine-grained sand; rock .....	10	310
Clay; sand layers .....	30	340
Tuscaloosa Group .....	20	360

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
	M-4 Sample log (Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)		
<b>Upper Cretaceous</b>			
<b>Selma Group</b>			
<b>Mooreville Chalk</b>			
Sand; gravel; chalk .....	10	10	
Chalk, gray; and some glauconite .....	110	120	
Sandstone, chalky, glauconitic.....	10	130	
<b>Eutaw Formation</b>			
Sand, medium, glauconitic; glauconitic shale; dark-gray and green carbonaceous shale .....	20	150	
Sandstone, glauconitic; gray to green carbonaceous shale .....	30	180	
Sandstone, glauconitic; gray to green carbonaceous shale; claystone .....	10	190	
Sandstone, glauconitic; gray to green carbonaceous shale .....	10	200	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; shale .....	20	220	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; shale; claystone .....	40	260	
Sandstone, medium, carbonaceous; gray carbonaceous shale .....	50	310	
Sandstone, medium, carbonaceous; gray carbonaceous shale; claystone .....	20	330	
Sandstone, medium, carbonaceous; gray carbonaceous shale; claystone; glauconitic sand .....	40	370	
Shale, gray, sandy, carbonaceous; glauconitic sand .....	10	380	
Shale, gray, sandy, carbonaceous; claystone, glauconitic sand .....	120	500	
Shale, gray, sandy, carbonaceous; gravel; medium- grained sandstone; glauconitic sand .....	20	520	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; and abundant siderite concretions .....	10	530	
<b>Tuscaloosa Group</b>			
Sand, medium, glauconitic; gray to dark-red clay; siderite concretions .....	30	560	
Clay, gray, dark-red, and purple .....	20	580	
Clay, gray, dark-red, and purple; and abundant siderite concretions .....	10	590	
Clay, varicolored .....	10	600	
Clay, varicolored, sandy .....	20	620	
Sand, fine; dark-red and purple clay .....	70	690	
Sand, medium to coarse .....	10	700	
Sand, medium to coarse; gravel; dark-red clay .....	20	720	
Clay, gray, pink, and green .....	10	730	

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-4—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Tuscaloosa Group—Continued</b>		
Sand, medium; dark-red clay .....	10	740
Sand, medium; gravel; purple clay .....	10	750
Sand, medium to coarse; gravel; dark-red and purple clay .....	30	780
Sand, medium to coarse; dark-red and purple clay .....	20	800
Sand, coarse; gravel; varicolored clay .....	10	810
Sand, medium to coarse; dark-red and purple clay .....	50	860
Clay, dark-red, green, and purple .....	50	910
Clay, dark-red, green, and purple; fine sand .....	10	920
Clay, dark-red, green, and purple .....	210	1,130
Sand, medium; dark-red, green, and purple clay .....	100	1,230
Clay, purple and dark-red .....	10	1,240
Clay, gray, purple, and dark-red .....	20	1,260
Clay, gray, purple, and dark-red; gravel .....	40	1,300
Clay, dark-red, gray, and green .....	70	1,370
Sand, coarse; purple, gray, and green clay .....	40	1,410
Clay, dark-red, purple, gray, and green .....	20	1,430
Clay, dark-red, purple, gray, and green; sand .....	10	1,440
<b>Lower Cretaceous</b>		
Clay, dark-red, purple, gray, and green; sand; pink nodular lime .....	20	1,460
Clay, reddish-brown and green, mottled; pink nodular lime .....	20	1,480
Sand, medium to coarse; dark-red, reddish-brown, and green mottled clay .....	10	1,490
Sand, yellowish, medium to coarse; reddish-brown and green clay .....	10	1,500
Sand, yellowish, medium to coarse; gravel; siderite concretions; nodular lime; reddish-brown and green clay .....	60	1,560
Clay, dark-red and green, mottled, sandy .....	20	1,580
Sand; reddish-brown and green mottled clay .....	10	1,590
Gravel; gray, green, and purple clay .....	30	1,620
Clay, reddish-brown, green, and purple; and some oolite gravel .....	30	1,650
Sand, medium; reddish-brown and green clay .....	10	1,660
Sand, medium; gravel; reddish-brown and green clay .....	20	1,680
Sand, yellow, medium to coarse; purple and gray clay .....	10	1,690
Clay, purple, dark-red, gray, and green .....	10	1,700
Clay, purple, dark-red, gray, and green; nodular lime .....	60	1,760
Clay, purple, dark-red, gray, and green; nodular lime; and medium- to coarse-grained sand .....	10	1,770

## 64 GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF GREENE COUNTY

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>M-4—Continued</b>		
<b>Lower Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
Clay, reddish-brown and green, mottled; pink nodular lime .....	20	1,790
Sand and gravel, yellowish; reddish-brown and green mottled clay; gray fine-grained sandstone; nodular lime .....	10	1,800
Gravel, variegated; reddish-brown clay .....	10	1,810
Sand and gravel, variegated; reddish-brown clay .....	20	1,830
Sand and gravel, variegated; reddish-brown clay; nodular lime .....	30	1,860
Sand; purple, gray, and green clay .....	10	1,870
<b>Pennsylvanian</b>		
Sandstone, gray, fine-grained, hard, micaceous, carbonaceous .....	10	1,880
<b>M-5</b>		
Sample log		
(Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)		
Sand, medium to coarse .....	10	10
Sand, medium .....	30	40
Sand, medium; gravel .....	10	50
<b>Upper Cretaceous</b>		
<b>Selma Group</b>		
<b>Mooreville Chalk</b>		
Chalk, light-gray .....	10	60
Chalk, light-gray, glauconitic .....	10	70
Chalk, light-gray, glauconitic, sandy .....	10	80
<b>Eutaw Formation</b>		
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....	10	90
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	100
Sand, fine, glauconitic; brown claystone .....	10	110
Sand, fine, glauconitic; greenish shale .....	20	130
Sand, fine, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	140	270
Sand, medium, glauconitic; brown marl; claystone; green and gray carbonaceous shale .....	20	290
Sand, fine, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale .....	90	380
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	390
Sand, medium, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	30	420
Sand, coarse, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	40	460
Gravel; medium- to coarse-grained sand .....	10	470
Gravel; glauconitic sand .....	20	490

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-5—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Tuscaloosa Group</b>		
Clay, gray, green, and dark-red; siderite concretions .....	10	500
Clay, gray, green, and dark-red; coarse-grained sand; siderite concretions .....	10	510
Sand .....	10	520
Sand; gray, green, and dark-red clay .....	10	530
Clay, purple and green; medium-grained sand .....	70	600
Gravel; coarse-grained sand .....	30	630
Gravel; medium-grained sand .....	10	640
Sand, medium to coarse .....	30	670
Gravel and sand, variegated .....	20	690
Gravel and sand, variegated; red and purple clay .....	10	700
Sand; red and purple clay .....	40	740
Gravel and sand, yellow; red and purple clay .....	40	780
Clay, purple, green, and red .....	20	800
Clay, purple, green, and red; sand; gravel .....	10	810
Sand, medium to coarse, variegated; red clay .....	70	880
Clay, purple, red, and green; sand .....	10	890
Clay, purple, red, and green; siderite concretions; and some sand .....	130	1,020
Clay, purple, red, and green; siderite concretions .....	60	1,080
Sand, medium; dark-red, purple, and green clay .....	10	1,090
Sand, coarse; dark-red, purple, and green clay .....	20	1,110
Sand, medium to coarse .....	10	1,120
Sand, medium to coarse; gravel .....	190	1,310
Gravel, variegated; coarse-grained sand .....	20	1,330
Gravel, variegated; coarse-grained sand; dark-gray carbonaceous shale .....	30	1,360
Gravel, variegated; medium-grained sand; dark-gray carbonaceous shale .....	100	1,460
Sand, medium to coarse; variegated gravel; siderite concretions .....	20	1,480
Gravel, variegated; medium to very coarse grained sand .....	40	1,520
Gravel, variegated; medium to very coarse grained sand; dark-gray carbonaceous shale .....	20	1,540
Gravel; medium- to coarse-grained sand .....	70	1,610
Sand, yellow; variegated chert gravel .....	40	1,650
Sand, yellow, medium; variegated chert gravel .....	20	1,670

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-5—Continued		
<b>Lower Cretaceous</b>		
Sand, medium to coarse; dark-red clay; pink nodular lime .....	10	1,680
Clay, dark-red, gray, and green, mottled; medium- to coarse-grained variegated sand; pink nodular lime.....	110	1,790
Clay, dark-red, gray, and green, mottled; medium- to coarse-grained variegated sand; variegated gravel; pink nodular lime .....	50	1,840
Sand, medium to coarse; dark-reddish-brown clay; nodular lime .....	20	1,860
Gravel, variegated; sand; reddish-brown and green mottled clay .....	20	1,880
<b>Pennsylvanian</b>		
Shale, dark-gray, micaceous, sandy.....	20	1,900

M-7  
Sample log

(Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)

**Upper Cretaceous****Selma Group****Mooreville Chalk**

Chalk, gray, shaly.....	40	40
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**Eutaw Formation**

Chalk, gray, shaly; medium-grained glauconitic sand; glauconitic sandstone.....	10	50
Sandstone, gray, medium, glauconitic; sand .....	10	60
Sandstone, gray, glauconitic; sand; gray shale .....	20	80
Sandstone, gray, glauconitic; sand; gray shale; brown claystone .....	30	110
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....	20	130
Sand, medium, glauconitic; gray shale .....	20	150
Clay, brown; gray carbonaceous shale .....	10	160
Sand; gray carbonaceous shale .....	30	190
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....	10	200
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	210
Sand, fine, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale .....	10	220
Sand, medium, glauconitic; brown claystone .....	30	250
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	260
Sand, fine, glauconitic; brown claystone .....	40	300
Sand, fine to medium, glauconitic .....	20	320
Sand, fine, glauconitic, micaceous .....	30	350
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....	20	370

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-7—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Eutaw Formation—Continued</b>		
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	380
Sand, medium, glauconitic, carbonaceous, micaceous .....	20	400
Sand, glauconitic, carbonaceous .....	10	410
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	420
Sand, medium to coarse, micaceous .....	30	450
Sand, medium to coarse, micaceous; gravel .....	20	470
<b>Tuscaloosa Group</b>		
Clay, gray, dark-red, and purple; sand; gravel .....	20	490
Clay, gray, purple, and dark-red; sand .....	10	500
No record .....	250	750
Gravel; coarse-grained sand; gray, red, and purple clay.....	60	810
Sand, fine to coarse; dark-red clay .....	10	820
Sand, medium; dark-red clay .....	30	850
Gravel; coarse-grained sand .....	20	870
Clay, green, red, and dark-red .....	10	880
Sand, fine to medium .....	10	890
Sand, fine to coarse; siderite concretions .....	10	900
Sand, green, medium to coarse; dark-red and purple clay.....	10	910
Sand, medium .....	10	920
Sand, medium to coarse .....	20	940
Sand, medium to coarse; siderite; dark-red clay .....	10	950
Sand; abundant siderite concretions .....	10	960
Sand; abundant siderite concretions; gray clay .....	20	980
Clay, green; siderite concretions; sand .....	50	1,030
Clay, green and gray; siderite concretions; sand .....	20	1,050
Sand, fine to medium; siderite concretions; gray clay; gray carbonaceous shale .....	100	1,150
Gravel; coarse-grained sand; gray carbonaceous shale....	40	1,190
Sand; gray carbonaceous shale .....	30	1,220
Gravel; coarse-grained sand; gray and green carbonaceous shale .....	10	1,230
Gravel; coarse-grained sand .....	10	1,240
Gravel; coarse-grained sand; carbonaceous shale .....	10	1,250
Sand, medium to coarse .....	20	1,270
Sand, medium to coarse; gravel .....	20	1,290
Sand, medium; gravel .....	50	1,340
Sand, medium; gravel; medium-grained yellowish sandstone fragments .....	10	1,350
Sand, yellowish, medium; sandstone fragments .....	10	1,360
Sand, yellowish, medium .....	40	1,400

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-7—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Tuscaloosa Group—Continued</b>		
Sand, yellowish, fine; reddish-brown clay .....	10	1,410
No record .....	10	1,420
Sand, yellowish, coarse; reddish-brown clay .....	10	1,430
Sand, medium to coarse; varicolored mottled clay .....	30	1,460
Sand, variegated, medium to coarse .....	10	1,470
Sand, variegated, medium to coarse; siderite concretions .....	20	1,490
Gravel; coarse-grained variegated sand; dark-red clay ....	60	1,550
Gravel; coarse-grained yellow sand; dark-red clay .....	30	1,580
No record.....	10	1,590
Gravel; fine- to coarse-grained variegated sand .....	10	1,600
Gravel; fine- to coarse-grained variegated sand; dark-red clay .....	40	1,640
Gravel; fine- to coarse-grained variegated sand; purple clay .....	10	1,650
Sand, fine to medium; dark-red and purple clay .....	10	1,660
Sand, fine to medium; gravel; dark-red and purple clay....	60	1,720
Gravel, variegated; coarse-grained sand .....	50	1,770
Gravel; medium- to coarse-grained variegated sand .....	10	1,780
Gravel; medium- to coarse-grained variegated sand; purple clay .....	30	1,810
<b>Pennsylvanian</b>		
Gravel; medium- to coarse-grained variegated sand; purple clay; gray hard medium-grained sandstone .....	10	1,820
Sandstone, gray, medium-grained, hard.....	20	1,840

M-11  
Sample log

(Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)

**Upper Cretaceous****Selma Group****Mooreville Chalk**

Chalk, light-gray, impure.....	30	30
No record .....	30	60
Chalk, light-gray; coarse-grained glauconitic sand ....	30	90
Chalk, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale; glauconitic sand .....	30	120
Chalk, light-green, sandy, glauconitic, carbonaceous ..	90	210

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-11—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Eutaw Formation</b>		
Sand, glauconitic; brown claystone; gray shale .....	90	300
Shale, gray; glauconitic sand.....	60	360
Shale, gray, sandy, micaceous, glauconitic .....	60	420
Sand, coarse, glauconitic; glauconitic carbonaceous gray shale.....	30	450
<b>Tuscaloosa Group</b>		
Clay, red and gray; siderite concretions .....	30	480
Clay, dark-red .....	30	510
No record .....	9	519
Clay, dark-red; sand .....	121	640
Clay, purple and red; variegated sand and gravel .....	30	670
Shale, gray, carbonaceous; red and gray mottled clay.....	34	704
Clay, purple and gray; siderite concretions; variegated sand; gravel .....	156	860
Clay, purple and gray; medium-grained sand.....	120	980
Shale, green; purple and red clay .....	30	1,010
Shale, green; sand .....	90	1,100
Shale, green, carbonaceous; sand .....	55	1,155
Shale, green; medium-grained glauconitic sandstone .....	20	1,175
Shale, green; sand.....	35	1,210
Shale, green; medium-grained sand.....	15	1,225
Sand, medium; gray and green carbonaceous shale: purple and red clay .....	25	1,250
Sand, variegated, medium; gravel; varicolored shale and clay .....	150	1,400
Gravel, chert; medium- to coarse-grained sand .....	30	1,430
Gravel, chert; medium- to coarse-grained sand; reddish-brown and purple clay .....	50	1,480
Clay, dark-reddish-brown and purple; medium- to coarse-grained sand .....	40	1,520
Clay, dark-reddish-brown and purple; gravel; medium- to coarse-grained sand.....	85	1,605
Gravel, variegated; sand; reddish-brown clay.....	20	1,625
No record .....	25	1,650
Sand, medium to coarse; reddish-brown and purple clay.....	30	1,680
Sand, medium to coarse; gravel; reddish-brown and purple clay .....	45	1,725
Clay, purple and reddish-brown; siderite concretions.....	5	1,730
Clay, purple and reddish-brown .....	5	1,735

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-11—Continued			
<b>Lower Cretaceous</b>			
Clay, reddish-brown and purple; pink nodular lime .....	5	1,740	
Sand; reddish-brown and purple clay; pink nodular lime .....	5	1,745	
Clay, reddish-brown and purple; pink nodular lime .....	10	1,755	
Clay, reddish-brown and purple; pink nodular lime; light-gray variegated medium-grained sandstone.....	20	1,775	
Clay, reddish-brown and purple; gravel; coarse-grained sand .....	40	1,815	
Sand, variegated, coarse; chert gravel; reddish-brown clay .....	60	1,875	
Sand, variegated, coarse; chert gravel; pink nodular lime; reddish-brown clay .....	20	1,895	
<b>Pennsylvanian</b>			
Shale, dark-gray to black, sandy, micaceous, carbonaceous, hard .....	60	1,955	
Total depth 5,530 feet; entire log in files of Geological Survey of Alabama.			

### M-12 Sample log

(Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)

<b>Upper Cretaceous</b>			
<b>Selma Group</b>			
<b>Mooreville Chalk</b>			
Chalk, light-gray, shaly .....	20	20	
Chalk, light-gray, shaly, glauconitic .....	10	30	
Chalk, sandy, glauconitic .....	10	40	
<b>Eutaw Formation</b>			
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....	40	80	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; greenish glauconitic sandy shale .....	10	90	
Shale, green, micaceous, carbonaceous; medium-grained glauconitic sand .....	20	110	
Shale, green and gray, micaceous, carbonaceous .....	10	120	
Sand, fine to medium, glauconitic, carbonaceous; shale .....	30	150	
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	160	
Shale, green and gray, micaceous, carbonaceous .....	10	170	
Sand, fine, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale.....	20	190	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; gray shale .....	20	210	
Sand, medium, glauconitic; greenish carbonaceous shale .....	10	220	

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-12—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Eutaw Formation—Continued</b>		
Sand, medium to coarse, glauconitic, carbonaceous; brown claystone .....	10	230
Sand, medium; gray shale .....	10	240
Sand, fine, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	20	260
Shale, gray; glauconitic sand; brown sandy shale .....	10	270
Shale, brown, carbonaceous, glauconitic .....	10	280
Sand, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	10	290
Sand, glauconitic; glauconitic sandy shale; brown claystone.....	10	300
Sand, glauconitic; glauconitic sandy shale; brown claystone; siderite .....	20	320
Sand, glauconitic; gray shale .....	10	330
Sand, glauconitic, carbonaceous; gray shale .....	30	360
Sand, medium, carbonaceous; brown claystone .....	10	370
Sand, medium, carbonaceous; siderite concretions .....	10	380
Sand, fine to medium; carbonaceous shale .....	10	390
Sand, fine to medium, glauconitic; carbonaceous shale .....	20	410
Sand, medium to coarse; chert gravel .....	30	440
<b>Tuscaloosa Group</b>		
Clay, dark-red, green, and gray; siderite; medium-grained sand.....	10	450
Sand; chert gravel .....	20	470
Sand; chert gravel; dark-red clay .....	30	500
Clay, dark-reddish-brown and purple; sand .....	80	580
Clay, yellow and purple; sand; gravel .....	40	620
Sand; chert gravel .....	20	640
Sand; purple clay .....	40	680
Sand, variegated; gravel; dark-red and purple clay .....	20	700
Sand, variegated, medium to coarse; dark-red and yellow clay .....	20	720
Sand, variegated, medium to coarse; gravel; purple clay.....	20	740
Clay, purple and green; variegated sand .....	10	750
Clay, purple and green; gravel; variegated sand .....	30	780
Sand, variegated; purple and red clay .....	10	790
Sand, variegated; yellow clay .....	10	800
Sand, variegated; purple clay .....	10	810
Gravel, chert, sandy; purple and gray clay .....	10	820
Sand, variegated; dark-red to purple clay .....	40	860
Clay, purple and gray .....	10	870

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
M-12—Continued		
<b>Upper Cretaceous—Continued</b>		
<b>Tuscaloosa Group—Continued</b>		
Sand, variegated; dark-red to purple clay .....	90	960
Gravel, chert, sandy; dark-red to purple clay .....	20	980
Sand, variegated; dark-red clay .....	20	1,000
Gravel, chert, sandy; dark-red and purple clay .....	40	1,040
No record .....	10	1,050
Gravel; gray, red, and purple clay .....	20	1,070
Shale, gray, carbonaceous; gravel; purple clay.....	20	1,090
Shale, gray, carbonaceous; gravel; gray clay; siderite concretions .....	120	1,210
Gravel; varicolored clay; sand; gray carbonaceous shale .....	60	1,270
Clay, red and purple; gray carbonaceous shale .....	20	1,290
Clay, dark-red and purple; sand .....	60	1,350
Gravel, sandy; dark-red and purple clay .....	20	1,370
Clay, reddish-brown and green; sand .....	20	1,390
Clay, reddish-brown and green; sand; gravel .....	80	1,470
Clay, reddish-brown and green; sand; gravel; gray carbonaceous shale .....	10	1,480
No record .....	10	1,490
Gravel, sandy; dark-red clay .....	60	1,550
Gravel; varicolored clay.....	10	1,560
Gravel, sandy; varicolored clay .....	30	1,590
Gravel, variegated; medium- to coarse-grained sand; dark-red and purple clay; conglomerate fragments.....	30	1,620
Gravel, chert; coarse-grained variegated sand .....	30	1,650
Gravel, chert; conglomerate; coarse-grained variegated sand.....	50	1,700
Gravel, chert; coarse-grained variegated sand; purple and dark-red clay .....	30	1,730
Gravel, chert; medium-grained variegated sand; purple and dark-red clay .....	20	1,750
Gravel, variegated, sandy; gray, purple, and red clay.....	60	1,810
Gravel, sandy; varicolored carbonaceous clay; gray shale .....	10	1,820
Shale, gray and green, carbonaceous; clay .....	40	1,860
Shale, gray and green, carbonaceous; sand; purple and red clay .....	10	1,870

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>P-9</b> Driller's log		
Topsoil .....	40	40
Rock .....	240	280
Sand .....	100	380
Gumbo .....	100	480
Sand .....	100	580
<b>R-9</b> Sample log		
No record .....	10	10
Sand, tan, fine, glauconitic .....	10	20
No record .....	10	30
Clay, gray; fine-grained micaceous glauconitic sand.....	40	70
Clay, gray .....	10	80
Clay, gray; fine-grained glauconitic sand .....	20	100
Sand, fine, glauconitic; gray clay .....	10	110
Clay, gray, sandy; limonite cemented sandstone .....	10	120
Sand, greenish-gray, fine, glauconitic, carbonaceous .....	30	150
Sand, greenish-gray, fine, glauconitic .....	10	160
Sand, greenish-gray, fine, glauconitic, carbonaceous .....	10	170
<b>R-11</b> Driller's log		
Sand, fine; iron-cemented nodules .....	10	10
Sand, fine; clay layers .....	10	20
Clay, gray .....	10	30
Clay, gray; fine-grained green sand .....	20	50
Clay, dark-gray .....	10	60
Sand, fine, glauconitic, clayey .....	10	70
Sand, green, fine, glauconitic .....	20	90
Sand, green, fine, glauconitic, clayey .....	20	110
Sand, gray, fine, glauconitic .....	20	130
Clay, dark-gray, shaly .....	37	167
Sand, glauconitic .....	3	170
Sand, medium; layers of shaly clay .....	40	210
Clay; sand layers .....	35	245
Sand, medium, glauconitic; clay layers .....	70	315
Sand, glauconitic, lignitic; clay layers .....	12	327
Clay, green, sandy, glauconitic .....	10	337
Sand, white, coarse .....	10	347
Clay.....	7	354
Sand .....	3	357

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>R-11—Continued</b>		
Sand, fine, glauconitic .....	10	367
Clay, light-gray .....	7	374
Clay, light-gray, sandy .....	3	377
Clay, light-gray .....	13	390
Sand, white, medium to coarse .....	17	407

**R-12**  
Driller's log

Clay .....	16	16
Sand .....	5	21
Shale, blue .....	28	49
Sand, yellow, fine .....	7	56
Shale, blue .....	7	63
Sand, white, soft .....	15	78
Shale, blue .....	8	86
Shale; sand layers .....	10	96
Sand, blue, hard .....	13	109
Shale, blue .....	4	113
Sand .....	5	118
Shale, hard .....	68	186
Shale, sandy .....	27	213
Shale, gummy .....	18	231
Shale; sand layers .....	59	290
Shale, blue, hard; sand layers .....	30	320
Shale; sand layers .....	16	336
Shale, hard .....	12	348
Sand, blue, fine .....	6	354
Shale; sand layers .....	17	371
Sand, blue .....	8	379
Shale; sand layers .....	14	393
Sand, gray, packed .....	38	431
Clay, red .....	10	441

**R-13**  
Driller's log

Clay.....	18	18
Sand, brown.....	12	30
Soapstone.....	20	50
Sand, muddy .....	18	68
Sand, fine.....	17	85
Sand, muddy .....	5	90

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>R-13—Continued</b>		
Sand, fine.....	17	107
Sand; shale.....	8	115
Shale; soapstone .....	80	195
Sand, fine, hard .....	19	214
Gumbo .....	4	218
Sand, fine, hard .....	8	226
Shale; sand layers .....	34	260
Sand, white, fine.....	46	306
 <b>R-14</b> <b>Driller's log</b>		
Clay, sandy .....	5	5
Clay.....	25	30
Clay, blue, sandy .....	20	50
Soapstone.....	84	134
Shale, sandy .....	7	141
Soapstone.....	77	218
Rock .....	1	219
Sand .....	2	221
Clay .....	2	223
Sand; clay layers .....	11	234
Sand.....	22	256
Clay .....	32	288
Sand, blue, fine .....	7	295
Clay.....	16	311
Sand.....	3	314
Clay.....	9	323
Sand .....	9	332
Sand, gray, packed .....	50	382
Clay, red.....	25	407
Sand, soft, muddy .....	10	417
Sand .....	4	421
Sand, fine, soft .....	15	436
Clay .....	7	443
Clay, sandy .....	8	451
Clay; sand layers .....	42	493
Sand .....	4	497
Clay.....	6	503
Sand .....	32	535
Clay .....	3	538
Sand .....	20	558
Sand .....	15	573

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>R-14—Continued</b>		
Clay.....	3	576
Sand, coarse .....	4	580
Sand.....	39	619
Clay, red and gray.....	15	634
 <b>T-1</b> Driller's log		
Sand, yellow .....	22	22
Chalk, gray .....	43	65
Chalk, sandy .....	10	75
Sand, green, fine .....	35	110
Clay, gray, sandy .....	10	120
Sand, gray.....	1	121
Clay, gray .....	69	190
Sand, gray, medium .....	20	210
 <b>U-2</b> Driller's log		
Sand, red .....	5	5
Sand, red and white .....	10	15
Clay, red.....	2	17
Sand, gray and white.....	58	75
Shale, blue, hard.....	30	105
Sand, gray-white, fine .....	38	143
Shale, blue, hard.....	32	175
Sand, gray-white, fine .....	40	215
Sand; hard layers .....	5	220
Sand, gray-white, fine .....	50	270
Rock, hard .....	1	271
Sand, white, coarse .....	34	305
Shale, blue, hard .....	6	311
Sand, white, very coarse .....	39	350
Clay, red .....	7	357
 <b>U-3</b> Driller's log		
Sand.....	60	60
Clay.....	35	95
Sand, fine.....	15	110
Clay .....	57	167
Sand .....	7	174

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
U-3—Continued		
Clay .....	4	178
Sand .....	4	182
Clay .....	1	183
Sand.....	2	185
Clay.....	2	187
Sand.....	6	193
Clay .....	2	195
Sand.....	6	201
Sand; clay layers .....	34	235
Clay.....	5	240
Sand .....	6	246
Clay, sandy .....	2	248
Sand, clayey .....	2	250
Clay.....	2	252
Sand; clay layers .....	13	265
Clay; sand layers .....	8	273
Sand; clay layers .....	15	288
Sand .....	3	291
Clay.....	6	297
Sand; clay layers .....	10	307
Clay.....	5	312
Sand; clay layers.....	4	316
Clay .....	1	317
Sand, clayey .....	3	320
Clay; sand layers .....	3	323
Sand .....	3	326
Clay; sand layers .....	3	329
Clay.....	7	336
Clay; sand layers .....	12	348
Sand .....	6	354
Clay.....	3	357
Sand; clay layers .....	3	360
Clay.....	4	364
Sand; clay layers .....	8	372
Clay.....	1	373
Sand, gray, coarse .....	9	382
Clay.....	1	383
Sand; clay layers .....	4	387
Sand, gray, medium to coarse .....	18	405
Clay, light-gray, slightly variegated.....	5	410
Clay, variegated .....	42	452
Clay, sandy, variegated .....	1	453
Clay, variegated .....	9	462

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
U-3—Continued		
Sand, fine .....	5	467
Clay, variegated .....	26	493
Sand, yellow, coarse .....	7	500
Clay.....	15	515
Sand .....	2	517
U-4 Sample log		
Chalk, gray to white, fossiliferous .....	10	10
Chalk, gray to white, silty .....	10	20
Chalk, gray, fossiliferous .....	60	80
Sand, gray, fine, glauconitic; gray chalk .....	10	90
Sand, gray-green, fine to medium, glauconitic .....	20	110
Sand, gray-green, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray clay .....	10	120
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray clay .....	30	150
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray lignitic clay....	10	160
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray clay .....	40	200
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic .....	10	210
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray clay .....	20	230
Clay, gray; fine- to medium-grained glauconitic gray sand .....	10	240
Sand, gray, fine, glauconitic; gray clay .....	20	260
Clay, gray; fine-grained glauconitic gray sand .....	10	270
Sand, gray, fine, glauconitic; gray clay .....	10	280
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; gray clay .....	20	300
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic; lignitic gray clay .....	40	340
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic, lignitic .....	10	350
Sand, gray, fine to medium, glauconitic, lignitic; gray clay .....	20	370
Sand, gray, medium to coarse, glauconitic; gray clay.....	30	400
U-5 Driller's log		
Clay, yellow .....	22	22
Sand, green; sandy clay .....	23	45
Clay, blue .....	10	55
Sand .....	8	63
Chalk; clay.....	17	80
Sand, white .....	30	110

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
U-7 Driller's log			
Topsoil; yellow sandy clay.....		10	10
Clay, blue .....		32	42
Clay, blue; sand; rock .....		10	52
Clay, blue; rock .....		10	62
Sand; thin rock layers .....		8	70
Sand; sandy clay .....		20	90
Sand, greenish-black; clay .....		10	100
Sand; clay .....		50	150
Clay, sandy; thin rock layers .....		10	160
Clay.....		10	170
Clay; sand .....		10	180
Clay.....		30	210
Sand; thin rock layers .....		10	220
Sand; clay .....		30	250
U-9 Driller's log			
Clay, red .....		10	10
Chalk .....		40	50
Sand, grayish-white, very fine .....		35	85
Hard layer .....		1	86
Shale, blue, hard .....		10	96
Sand, grayish-white, very fine .....		70	166
Rock, hard .....		2	168
Sand, white, fine .....		15	183
Shale, blue, hard .....		47	230
Sand, grayish-white, fine .....		39	269
Sand, grayish-white; hard layers .....		11	280
Shale, blue, hard .....		15	295
Sand, white, fine .....		55	350
Hard layer .....		1	351
Sand, white, fine to coarse .....		24	375
Shale, blue, hard .....		10	385
Sand, white, coarse .....		7	392
Shale, blue, hard .....		18	410
Sand, variegated, very coarse .....		20	430
Shale, blue, hard .....		5	435
Sand, variegated, very coarse .....		21	456
Clay, Tuscaloosa Group .....		5	461

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
U-11 Driller's log		
Limerock .....	85	85
Sand, Eutaw Formation .....	403	488
Clay and sand, Tuscaloosa Group .....	300	788
U-14 Driller's log		
Sand, yellow .....	40	40
Chalk, gray .....	100	140
Sand, green, fine .....	20	160
Clay, gray .....	180	340
Sand, green, medium .....	20	360
No record .....	10	370
V-11 Driller's log		
Sand, red, clayey; and some gravel in basal part .....	30	30
Chalk; marl; limestone layers .....	5	35
Chalk .....	295	330
Sand; clay layers .....	150	480
Clay; thin sand layers .....	110	590
Sand; thin clay layers .....	55	645
V-13 Driller's log		
Topsoil .....	20	20
Rock .....	120	140
Gumbo .....	60	200
Sand .....	160	360
Gumbo .....	20	380
Sand .....	140	520
Z-1 Driller's log		
Soil .....	22	22
Chalk .....	221	243
Sand, fine .....	75	318
Gumbo .....	100	418
Sand; clay layers .....	109	527

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Z-9 Driller's log			
Chalk.....		368	368
Sand; clay layers .....		276	644
AA-7 Sample log			
(Modified from sample description by Winnie McGlamery)			
<b>Upper Cretaceous</b>			
Selma Group			
Mooreville Chalk			
No record .....		20	20
Chalk .....		60	80
Shale, gray, chalky .....		40	120
Sand, medium, glauconitic .....		10	130
Sand, glauconitic; chalky shale .....		60	190
Shale, chalky .....		10	200
Shale, chalky, glauconitic .....		40	240
Eutaw Formation			
Sand, coarse, glauconitic; ironstone concretions; gray carbonaceous shale .....		14	254
Sand, medium, glauconitic; sandstone fragments.....		26	280
Sand, medium to coarse, glauconitic .....		50	330
Sand, medium to coarse, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale; brown claystone .....		30	360
Sand, medium to coarse, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale .....		30	390
Sand, medium to coarse, glauconitic; gray carbonaceous shale; brown claystone .....		20	410
No record .....		460	870
Sand, variegated, medium to coarse; gravel; greenish-gray and gray clay .....		10	880
AA-10 Driller's log			
Sand; gravel.....		25	25
Chalk, gray .....		115	140
Sand; clay .....		40	180
Clay, gray .....		120	300
Sand, gray, medium .....		90	390
Sand, green, variegated .....		50	440

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Table 4.—Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
AA-11 Driller's log		
Sand, yellow .....	25	25
Chalk, gray .....	115	140
Sand, green, fine .....	40	180
Clay, gray .....	50	230
Sand, greenish-gray, medium .....	110	340
AA-22 Driller's log		
Topsoil; red clay .....	10	10
Clay, red; brown and yellow sand .....	10	20
Clay, yellow; blue rock .....	10	30
Rock, blue .....	340	370
Sandrock .....	10	380
Sandrock; fine sand .....	10	390
Sand, fine; hard rock .....	10	400
Sand; shell rock .....	20	420
Sand .....	10	430
Rock, blue .....	10	440
Rock, blue; fine-grained sand .....	10	450
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	460
Sand .....	20	480
Sand; hard rock .....	10	490
AA-23 Driller's log		
Topsoil, black; yellow clay .....	10	10
Clay, yellow; layers of sand and gravel .....	10	20
Clay, yellow .....	15	35
Clay, blue .....	15	50
Rock, blue .....	110	160
Rock, blue; hard lime rock .....	10	170
Rock, blue .....	30	200
Rock, blue; hard lime rock .....	10	210
Rock, blue .....	50	260
Rock, blue; shell rock .....	6	266
Sand .....	14	280
Sand; and a hard sandstone layer .....	10	290
Sand; shell rock .....	20	310
Sand; sandy clay .....	10	320
Clay, sandy .....	10	330

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
AA-23—Continued		
Sand; sandy clay; shell rock .....	10	340
Clay, sandy; shell rock; sand .....	10	350
Sand; sandy clay .....	10	360
Clay, blue, sandy; sand .....	10	370
Sand; clay layers .....	10	380
Sand; sandy clay .....	10	390
Clay, sandy .....	10	400
Clay, blue .....	30	430
Clay, blue; sand .....	10	440
Clay, blue .....	10	450
Clay, blue; sand .....	20	470
Clay, blue .....	10	480
Clay, blue; sand .....	10	490
Clay, blue; shell rock; sand .....	10	500
Clay, blue; shell rock .....	20	520
Clay, blue; sand .....	10	530
Clay, blue; sand; shell rock .....	10	540
Clay, blue; sand .....	10	550
Sand; shell rock .....	10	560
Sand .....	10	570

AA-26  
Driller's log

Topsoil; red clay .....	10	10
Clay, red; sand .....	12	22
Sand; blue clay .....	10	32
Clay, blue .....	60	92
Clay, blue; rock layer at 98 ft .....	10	102
Clay, blue; rock layers .....	10	112
Clay, blue .....	278	390
Clay, blue; shell rock .....	5	395
Sand; clay layers .....	15	410
Clay, sandy; sand .....	20	430
Clay, sandy; sand; clay .....	10	440
Clay, sandy .....	10	450
Clay, sandy; sand .....	20	470
Clay, sandy; sandstone at 475 ft .....	10	480
Clay, sandy; clay .....	10	490
Clay, sandy .....	10	500
Clay, sandy; fine-grained sand .....	10	510
Clay .....	40	550

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>AA-26—Continued</b>		
Clay; fine-grained sand .....	30	580
Clay .....	10	590
Clay; sandy clay .....	10	600
Clay .....	10	610
Clay; rock .....	20	630
Clay .....	30	660
Clay; rock .....	10	670
Clay .....	30	700
Clay; rock .....	10	710
Clay .....	22	732
Sand; green sandy clay .....	28	760
Sand; green sandy clay; clay .....	20	780
Clay .....	10	790
 <b>BB-1</b> Driller's log		
Topsoil .....	40	40
Rock .....	40	80
Sand .....	80	160
Gumbo .....	60	220
Sand .....	60	280
 <b>BB-6</b> Driller's log		
Topsoil; sandy clay .....	10	10
Sand, brown .....	15	25
Clay, blue .....	140	165
Sandrock .....	5	170
Sand .....	10	180
Sand; rock; sandy clay .....	20	200
Sand; rock; clay .....	20	220
Sand; gray clay .....	20	240
Sand; clay .....	40	280
Clay, gray .....	20	300
Clay, gray; sand .....	10	310
Clay, sandy .....	40	350
Clay, sandy; thin rock layers .....	20	370
Clay; rock; fine-grained sand .....	10	380
Sand; thin rock layers .....	10	390
Sand; clay .....	10	400
Sand; clay; rock .....	10	410

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>BB-6—Continued</b>		
Sand; rock .....	30	440
Sand; clay .....	10	450
Sand; clay; rock .....	10	460
Sand; rock .....	30	490
Sand; rock; clay .....	10	500
 <b>CC-5</b>		
<i>Driller's log</i>		
Topsoil; sandy clay .....	10	10
Sand .....	20	30
Sand; blue rock .....	10	40
Rock, blue .....	180	220
Rock, blue; sandstone .....	10	230
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	240
Rock, blue .....	20	260
Rock, blue, hard .....	20	280
Rock, hard; sand .....	10	290
Shell rock; sand .....	10	300
Sand; blue rock .....	10	310
Rock, blue .....	20	330
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	340
Rock, blue, hard .....	10	350
Rock, blue .....	40	390
Rock, blue; sand .....	80	470
Sand .....	10	480
Rock, blue .....	20	500
Rock, blue; sand .....	30	530
Rock, blue .....	10	540
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	550
Sand .....	20	570
 <b>DD-1</b>		
<i>Driller's log</i>		
Sand, yellow; yellow clay .....	10	10
Clay, yellow .....	10	20
Clay, yellow; sand .....	10	30
Clay, yellow .....	10	40
Clay, yellow; sandstone .....	10	50
Sand; yellow clay; blue rock .....	10	60
Rock, blue .....	150	210
Rock, blue; thin shell rock layers .....	10	220

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
DD-1—Continued		
Rock, blue .....	20	240
Rock, blue; thin shell rock layers .....	20	260
Rock, blue .....	20	280
Rock, blue; thin shell rock layers .....	10	290
Rock, blue; hard sandy shell rock layers .....	10	300
Clay, blue, sandy .....	10	310
Clay, blue, sandy; hard rock .....	10	320
Shell rock, blue, sandy; sand layers .....	10	330
Rock, hard; sand; shell rock layers .....	10	340
Shell rock; layers of sand and shell rock .....	10	350
Rock, blue .....	10	360
Rock, blue; shell rock .....	10	370
Rock, blue; shell rock layers .....	10	380
Rock, blue .....	10	390
Rock, blue; blue sandy clay .....	10	400
Clay, blue, sandy .....	30	430
Clay, blue, sandy; sand layers .....	10	440
Clay, blue, sandy .....	10	450
Clay, blue, sandy; blue rock .....	10	460
Rock, blue .....	20	480
Rock, blue; sandy clay .....	10	490
Rock, blue .....	10	500
Rock, blue; shell rock .....	10	510

DD-7  
Driller's log

Topsoil; sandy clay .....	10	10
Clay, sandy; coarse-grained sand .....	11	21
Rock, blue .....	219	240
Rock, blue; blue sandy clay.....	10	250
Rock, blue .....	20	270
Rock, blue; shell rock layers .....	10	280
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	290
Rock, blue .....	20	310
Rock, blue, hard .....	10	320
Rock, blue; sandy clay .....	10	330
Rock, blue .....	10	340
Rock, blue; sand .....	10	350
Rock, blue .....	10	360
Rock, hard; blue sandy clay; shell rock .....	10	370
Rock, hard; sandy clay .....	10	380
Rock, hard .....	10	390

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
DD-7—Continued		
Rock, hard; sand .....	10	400
Rock, hard .....	10	410
Rock, hard; sandy clay .....	10	420
Rock, hard .....	30	450
DD-9 Driller's log		
Topsoil; red clay.....	10	10
Clay, red; yellow sand .....	10	20
Sand, yellow .....	3	23
Rock, blue .....	197	220
Rock, blue; shell rock .....	10	230
Rock, blue .....	30	260
Rock, blue; shell rock .....	20	280
Rock, hard, sandy .....	10	290
Clay, blue, sandy .....	20	310
Clay, blue, sandy; hard rock .....	10	320
Sand .....	10	330
Clay, sandy .....	10	340
Clay, blue, sandy .....	10	350
Sand, blue; shell rock .....	10	360
Rock, hard; sand .....	10	370
Clay, blue, sandy .....	30	400
Clay, blue, sandy; sand .....	20	420
Clay, blue, sandy .....	20	440
Clay, blue .....	30	470
Clay, blue, sandy; hard rock .....	10	480
Clay, blue, sandy .....	40	520
Clay, blue, sandy; hard rock layers .....	10	530
Clay, blue, sandy .....	60	590
Rock, blue .....	10	600
Clay, blue, sandy; blue rock .....	30	630
Clay, sandy .....	10	640
Clay, blue, sandy; blue rock .....	10	650
Clay, blue, sandy; coarse-grained sand .....	10	660
Sand, coarse; blue rock .....	10	670
Sand, coarse; blue sandy clay .....	10	680
Clay, blue, sandy; coarse-grained sand .....	10	690
Sand, coarse.....	5	695

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
DD-11 Driller's log		
Topsoil; clay .....	10	10
Sand .....	58	68
Clay, blue.....	207	275
Sandstone .....	5	280
Sand .....	10	290
Sand; clay .....	30	320
Sand; clay; rock .....	10	330
Sand; clay .....	20	350
Sand .....	10	360
Sand; clay .....	50	410
Clay.....	50	460
Clay, sandy .....	10	470
Clay, sandy; sand .....	20	490
Sand; rock .....	20	510
Sand; rock; clay .....	40	550
Sand; clay .....	10	560
Sand; clay; rock .....	10	570
Sand; thin rock layers .....	10	580
Sand; clay .....	20	600
Clay; sand .....	10	610
Clay, sandy .....	20	630
Sand; rock .....	10	640
Sand; clay .....	10	650
Sand; clay; rock .....	40	690
Sand .....	88	778
Clay, Tuscaloosa Group .....	77	855
Sand .....	15	870
Sand; clay .....	10	880
Sand .....	10	890
Sand; layers of clay and rock .....	10	900
Sand .....	110	1,010
DD-12 Driller's log		
Topsoil; sand.....	10	10
Sand, yellow .....	17	27
Clay, blue .....	263	290
Sand; sandy clay layers .....	20	310
Sand; sandy clay; rock layers .....	10	320
Sand; sandy clay layers .....	10	330
Sand; clay layers .....	10	340

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
DD-12—Continued		
Clay.....	10	350
Clay, sandy .....	20	370
Clay .....	10	380
Clay, sandy .....	20	400
Sand; clay .....	60	460
Sand; sandy clay .....	10	470
Clay, sandy .....	10	480
Clay, sandy; rock; sand .....	30	510
Clay, sandy; rock .....	10	520
Clay, sandy; clay .....	10	530
Clay, sandy; clay; rock .....	10	540
Clay, sandy; clay .....	20	560
Sand; rock; clay .....	10	570
Sand; clay .....	20	590
Clay .....	10	600
Sand; clay .....	40	640
Sand, coarse .....	10	650
Sand, coarse; rock; clay.....	10	660
Sand, coarse; layers of clay and rock .....	10	670
Rock; clay; coarse-grained sand .....	20	690
Clay; coarse-grained sand .....	10	700
Sand .....	15	715
Clay, Tuscaloosa Group .....	105	820
Sand .....	8	828
Clay.....	12	840
Sand .....	80	920
Sand; hard layers .....	10	930

DD-22  
Driller's log

Clay.....	15	15
Sand, red .....	6	21
Chalk .....	269	290
Sandstone .....	8	298
Sand .....	40	338
Rock .....	1	339
Sand .....	11	350
Rock .....	1	351
Sand .....	19	370
Gumbo .....	30	400
Marl .....	15	415
Sand .....	23	438

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Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>DD-22—Continued</b>		
Gumbo .....	12	450
Marl .....	15	465
Sand .....	102	567
 <b>FF-1</b>		
<b>Driller's log</b>		
Soil, yellow, sandy .....	3	3
Sand, brown, fine; varicolored clay .....	2	5
Sand .....	4	9
Clay, gray .....	1	10
Sand; gravel .....	4	14
Clay, white .....	1	15
Chalk, white .....	4	19
Chalk, light-blue .....	40.5	59.5
Chalk, blue .....	155	214.5
Chalk; olive calcareous clay .....	20.5	235
Chalk, hard; soft layers .....	19.5	254.5
Chalk, blue .....	17	271.5
Chalk, white, hard .....	6.5	278
Chalk .....	240	518
Chalk, hard .....	5	523
Chalk .....	36	559
Chalk, clayey; green glauconitic sandstone layers .....	8	567
Sandstone .....	1	568
Sand, yellow-green, fine, glauconitic .....	4	572
Sand; sandstone .....	5	577
Sand, yellow-green, fine .....	6	583
Sand; clay; sandstone .....	12	595
Sand, packed .....	10	605
Sand, clayey, packed .....	12	617
Sand, packed .....	3	620
Clay, green; fine-grained sand layers .....	7	627
Sand, green, fine, packed; green clay layers .....	55	682
Clay, green, fossiliferous; sand layers .....	20	702
Sand; clay .....	13	715
Sand, packed .....	10	725
Sand; white fossiliferous clay .....	14	739
Sand, green, fine; green clay .....	22.5	761.5
Hard .....	3.5	765
Sand; clay layers .....	5	770
Clay .....	33	803
Sand, green, fine .....	2	805
Hard .....	1	806

Table 4.—*Sample and drillers' logs of wells in Greene County—Continued*

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<b>FF-1—Continued</b>		
Sand .....	1	807
Clay .....	10	817
Sand, green, very fine .....	5	822
Clay .....	1	823
Hard .....	1	824
Sand, green, very fine .....	8	832
Clay; sand .....	4	836
Clay.....	12	848
Sand; clay; fossiliferous sandstone .....	6	854
Sand; clay layers .....	11	865
Sandstone layers .....	4	869
Clay .....	10	879
Sand; sandstone layers .....	3	882
Clay, gray and green .....	7	889
 <b>GG-1 Driller's log</b>		
Topsoil; yellow clay .....	10	10
Clay, yellow .....	10	20
Sand .....	17	37
Clay, blue .....	323	360
Clay, blue; sand .....	10	370
Clay, blue; green sand .....	10	380
Clay, blue; sandy clay .....	10	390
Clay, blue; fine-grained sand .....	40	430
Clay, blue .....	40	470
Clay, shaly .....	50	520
Clay, shaly; sand .....	10	530
Clay, shaly.....	10	540
Clay, shaly; sand .....	10	550
Clay, shaly .....	100	650
Clay, shaly; sand .....	10	660
Clay, shaly .....	100	760
Clay, shaly; sand .....	10	770
Sand; sandy clay .....	10	780
Sand .....	10	790
Sand; shaly clay .....	10	800
Sand .....	10	810
Clay, shaly.....	20	830
Clay, Tuscaloosa Group .....	10	840

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Table 5.—Summary of geologic units and their water-bearing properties in Greene County

System	Series	Stratigraphic unit	Thickness (feet)	Lithologic character	Water-bearing properties
Quaternary	Pleistocene and Recent	Alluvial deposits (terrace deposits and alluvium)	0-70	Gravel, sand, and clay.	Yields small supplies of water to shallow wells.
		Demopolis Chalk	0-275	Chalk and marl.	Relatively impermeable; not a source of ground water.
	Selma Group	Arcola Limestone Member	0-275	Limestone, chalk, and marl.	Relatively impermeable; not a source of ground water.
		Mooreville Chalk			
		Tombigbee Sand Member	0-170	Tombigbee Sand Member consists of fine-grained sand and layers of calcareous sandstone and sandy chalk. Lower part, massive to thin-bedded sand and gray clay.	Yields small to moderate supplies of water to wells. Water locally high in chloride and iron content in the southern part of the county.
Cretaceous	Upper Cretaceous	Eutaw Formation			
		McShan Formation	0-250	Upper part, thin-bedded sand and gray clay. Lower part, massive to thin-bedded sand and gray clay.	Yields moderate to large supplies of water to wells. Principal source of water in Greene County. Water locally high in chloride content in the southern part of the county and locally high in iron content throughout the county.
		Gordo Formation	270-290	Upper part chiefly clay, some sand beds; middle part chiefly sand and gravel; some sandy clay and clay beds.	Yields small to large supplies of water to wells. Potentially a source of water throughout the county. Water is locally high in chloride content in the southern part of the county and locally high in iron content throughout the county.
	Tuscaloosa Group	Coker Formation	550-850	Upper part chiefly clay, some sand beds; middle part alternating thin beds of sand and clay; lower part chiefly sand and gravel, some clay beds.	Yields small to large supplies of water to wells. Potentially a source of water throughout the county. Water is locally high in iron content in the northern part of the county.

**Table 6.—Summary of ground-water use and flow from wells  
in Greene County, 1965**  
(in gallons per day)

	170,000	Geologic source			
		Coker	Gordo	McShan	Eutaw
City of Eutaw, public supply	170,000			170,000	
Industrial use, estimated	80,000		30,000	50,000	
Rural-domestic and stock use, estimated	900,000	120,000	120,000	620,000	40,000
Total use	1,150,000	120,000	150,000	840,000	40,000
Calculated discharge from flowing wells inventoried (111) <sup>1</sup>	2,740,000	380,000	390,000	1,900,000	70,000

<sup>1</sup> Estimated to be 75 percent of the total discharge from flowing wells in the county.